

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 This page intentionally left blank.



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Prepared by: City of Takoma Park, Maryland

Jamal T. Fox Cíty Manager Susan Cheung Dírector of Fínance This page intentionally left blank.

<u>Index</u>

	<u>Page</u>
Introductory Section	
Letter of Transmittal	5
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	11
Organizational Chart	12
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	13
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	15
Management's Discussion and Analysis	18
Basic Financial Statements	34
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	35
Statement of Activities	36
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	37
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	38
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	39
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	40
General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)	41
Speed Camera Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)	42
Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)	43

<u>Index</u>

	<u>Page</u>
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	44
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	45
Notes to Financial Statements	46
Required Supplementary Information	76
Police Employees' Retirement Plan - Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	78
Police Employees' Retirement Plan - Schedule of Contributions	79
Schedule of Required Pension-Related Supplementary Information - Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	80
Schedule of Required Pension-Related Supplementary Information - Schedule of the City's Pension Plan Contributions	81
Supplementary Information	
General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Budget and Actual	83
Stormwater Management Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	86
Non-Major Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet	87
Non-Major Governmental Funds - Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	88
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	89
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	90
Statistical Section	
Statistical Section Contents	94
Net Position by Component	95
Changes in Net Position	96
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	97
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	98
General Fund Tax Revenue by Source	99

<u>Index</u>

	<u>Page</u>
Real Property Tax Levies and Collections	100
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	101
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	102
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	103
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	104
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures	105
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	106
Demographic Statistics	107
Principal Property Taxpayers	108
Principal Employers	109
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	110
Operating Indicators by Function	111
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	112
Miscellaneous Statistical Data	113
Schedule of Insurance in Force	115

Introductory Section

Office of the City Manager Tel: (301) 891-7230 Fax: (301) 270-8794 email: jamal.fox@takomaparkmd.gov



7500 Maple Avenue Takoma Park, MD 20912 www.takomaparkmd.gov

Jamal T. Fox, City Manager

October 28, 2021

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and Residents:

The annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) of the City of Takoma Park, Maryland for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, is submitted for your review. This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department and it is the comprehensive publication of the City's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, for all funds and components units of the City.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with City management. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, we have established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the City's internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. We believe that the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects and is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and changes in financial position of the City's financial affairs have been included.

The City's Charter, Section 821, requires that the financial books and accounts of the City be audited annually in accordance with applicable State laws and the requirements of the City Council. The City Council has elected to have its financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, (U.S. GAAS) by a certified public accountant. The independent auditor's report is included with the City's financial statements in the Financial Section of this report. The audit was conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS and, for the basic financial statements of the City, the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. On the basis of this examination, the independent auditors have issued an unmodified opinion that the presentation of the basic financial statements conforms with GAAP. In conducting the audit, the auditors performed tests of the accounting records and such other procedures as were considered necessary in the circumstances to provide a reasonable basis for the opinion on the financial statements.

The auditors also assessed the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluated the overall financial statement presentation. Management has provided a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the Financial Section of this report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Takoma Park is approximately 2.4 square miles in size and is located in Montgomery County, Maryland on the border of Washington, D.C. The City was incorporated in 1890 and has a population of 17,629 (U.S. Census 2020 estimate).

The City of Takoma Park operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is the policy-making and legislative body of City government and includes a Mayor and six Council members. The City Council is elected on a non-partisan basis and all seven members of the governing body serve twoyear terms. The Mayor is elected at large and the remaining six Councilmembers are elected by wards within the City. The City Council's responsibilities include setting City policy, passing ordinances and resolutions, adopting the City's annual budget, appointing members to committees, and hiring both the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is appointed by the Council as Chief Executive and Administrative Officer and responsible for implementing the policies and ordinances of the City Council, overseeing the day- to-day operations of the government, and appointing the department heads of various departments.

The City provides a range of municipal services to residents including, but not limited to, police, solid waste and recycling collection, storm drainage maintenance, street and park maintenance, snow removal, recreation, library services, housing and community development, code and parking enforcement, and general administration. The City's budget is the foundation of the City's financial planning and control. Annually the City Manager presents a recommended budget to the City Council for review, questions, and concerns. The City Council is required to adopt a balanced budget by July 1 of every year for all funds for which the funds are required.

CITY COUNCIL PRIORITIES

- 1. Mitigate the Impact of COVID-19 on the Community and City Operations.
 - a. Reopen City functions using a phased approach to ensure a safe, deliberate return to normal operations; prepare a reopening plan that supports long-term financial resiliency and employee well-being, and incorporates lessons learned from the health crisis response.
 - b. Ensure residents have access to the emergency assistance they need to recover from the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.
 - c. Support our small businesses in weathering the economic downturn due to the pandemic so that they recover and thrive in the future
- 2. A Livable Community for All
 - a. Ensure that a range of safe, high quality, affordable, and stable housing options are equitably available in neighborhoods throughout the community.
 - b. Identify the need for and explore the development of programs to address food insecurity in the community.
 - c. Identify programming needs in the community and develop approaches to meet those needs, emphasizing youth, families, seniors, and residents who tend to face barriers to opportunities such as Black, Indigenous, and people of color, those with unsustainable lower-paying jobs, immigrants, and people with developmental disabilities.
 - d. Defend our status as a Sanctuary City and maintain our commitment to being a welcoming and inclusive community for all residents.
 - e. Improve transportation planning and outreach to create a safer and more racially equitable community for all residents, including pedestrians, bicyclists, and vehicle occupants.
 - f. Further the City's racial equity work.
- 3. Fiscally Sustainable Government
 - a. Explore and advocate at county and state levels for expanded funding flexibility for municipalities beyond property taxes and continue to advocate for long-term solutions to tax duplication.

- b. Explore ways to provide property tax adjustments to residents in need, advocate at county and state levels for changes in property taxes to assist residents in need, and work for a more equitable property tax assessment system.
- c. Continue to build on improvements in the budget process, presentation of budget information, and communication to residents.
- d. Adopt sustainable investment and banking policy and practices.
- e. Maintain adequate reserves in the various City reserve funds for long-term fiscal sustainability.
- 4. Environmentally Sustainable Community
 - a. Climate Change Mitigation: Work towards net-zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2035.
 - b. Climate Change Resilience: Improve our ability to adapt and be resilient to climate change.
 - c. Manage Our Community's Natural Resources Sustainably: Protect, maintain, and improve the health of our urban forest, natural resources, and water quality, with an emphasis on equity.
- 5. Engaged, Responsive, Service-Oriented Government
 - a. Hire and onboard a new City Manager.
 - b. Improve City communications with residents and adopt innovative, culturally appropriate initiatives to improve public engagement and collaboration with residents, particularly with residents who may face barriers to participating in municipal government activities and community affairs.
 - c. Improve policies and processes to enhance resident interaction with the City government, including requests for government services, complaint systems, and code enforcement.
 - d. Put in place improvements and review the overall structure and purpose of existing Councilappointed committees.
 - e. Review and reform the City's approach to public safety to ensure racial justice and work toward a safer, more livable community for all residents.
 - f. Improve service delivery and reduce administrative burden by updating internal policies, IT infrastructure, and software.
- 6. Community Development for an Improved & Equitable Quality of Life
 - a. Plan and prepare for development in the City and region while maintaining the special character and economic and racial diversity of Takoma Park.
 - b. Redevelop the Takoma Park Recreation Center

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City is a residential community located in the southern part of Montgomery County in the inner suburbs of the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area. City residents benefit from the excellent Montgomery County public school system. The Takoma Park-Silver Spring campus of Montgomery College and the four-year Washington Adventist University are located in Takoma Park. The City has a large historic district, two major commercial districts, many parks, and attractive, walkable neighborhoods. The City is located along the Red Line of the region's Metrorail system and is well served by bus systems and bicycle trails. Offices, attractions, and entertainment are close by in adjacent Washington, D.C. and Silver Spring, Maryland.

According to the 2019 Census, the City had a total of 6,567 housing units. Of these, 3,465 were owneroccupied housing units. Forty-seven percent (47%) of Takoma Park's households live in multi-family residential structures. Because of its location and attractive environment, Takoma Park is a highly desirable place to live. Its economic health rests heavily on the value of its residential property. The net assessable real property base value for Takoma Park was estimated at \$2.58 billion during Fiscal Year 2021. Housing values have risen sharply since 2000, despite a stagnant period during the recession in the late 2000s followed by rather slow growth for several years. Housing values have been increasing at a moderately fast pace since that time. The median value of owner-occupied housing units in Takoma Park is \$555,000 according to the 2018 American Community Survey. There is no indication that the increase in housing value has slowed during the COVID-19 pandemic, but a final determination will need to be made at a later time. Real property in the State of Maryland is reassessed on a triennial basis. The last triennial assessment occurred two years ago, effective for Fiscal Year 2019. The State's estimated increase in the net assessable base for the City for Fiscal Year 2020 was 2.0 percent. Current statistics for unemployment have been affected by the pandemic. The Bureau of Labor Statistics reported the unemployment rate in the Washington, D.C. region was 3.3 percent in June 2019 but 8.4 percent in June 2020. The Montgomery County, Maryland unemployment rate was 3.3 percent in June 2019 but 8.1 percent in June 2020. The Census Bureau's numbers for the median household income are averaged over time so do not likely reflect the impact of the pandemic. Their 2019 (1 year) American Community Surveys estimate median household income of the area as 105,659 and of Montgomery County as \$110,389. The 2018 (5 year) American Community Survey for Takoma Park provides a median household income of \$86,439. While real property taxes and intergovernmental payments are the largest sources of revenue for the City of Takoma Park, the community's long-term economic health depends on economic development of the City's commercial corridors, particularly along New Hampshire Avenue and University Boulevard.

The State of Maryland is constructing the Purple Line, a light rail transit system that will run along the northern border of Takoma Park, connecting transit lines and employment centers in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties. There will be a major station at Takoma Langley Crossroads, the intersection of University Boulevard and New Hampshire Boulevard. A dispute between the construction companies (the concessionaire) and the State of Maryland has caused a delay in construction, but the State intends on completing the work. The transit system was to begin service in 2022, but this date will change due to the dispute.

In order to take advantage of this major infrastructure improvement that affects our largest commercial district, the City of Takoma Park contracted with the Cloudburst Group in 2015 to have a housing and economic development strategic plan prepared. The draft plan was presented to the Takoma Park City Council in October 2017 and work and public and Council discussion continued, resulting in the adoption of the 2019-2030 Housing and Economic Development Strategic Plan in October 2019.

Major recommendations of the Housing and Economic Development Strategic Plan are: Preserve existing businesses and affordable housing in Takoma Park, including in revitalizing areas; Produce more housing and opportunities for businesses to start and grow across the income spectrum and in neighborhoods across the City to meet the diverse housing and economic needs; and Protect renters, homeowners, and local businesses from discrimination and displacement; and protect our environment from destruction. The Plan looks to take advantage of the economic benefits of the Purple Line and the newly designated Opportunity Zone along the New Hampshire Avenue Corridor, calls for a minor master plan process for the site of the former hospital and adjacent neighborhood to help meet the Plan's goals, promotes workforce development and entrepreneurship; and works to provide varied types of housing to meet the housing needs of residents and newcomers. The plan also takes into consideration climate change resiliency and the need to make all decisions using race equity as a guiding principle.

Because of the implementation steps adopted as part of the Housing and Economic Development Strategic Plan, City staff was able to react swiftly when the COVID-19 pandemic hit the area in March 2020. Small grants were provided quickly to local businesses, and housing staff helped renters with information and financial assistance. While the City's funds were and are limited, our quick work helped many survive the initial months of the pandemic. Staff gave a helping hand when the help was desperately needed, and while assistance from other levels of government was slow. The Takoma Park City Council redirected funding before and during the FY21 budgeting process, creating a COVID-19 fund of \$578,500 in order to provide this assistance.

Even with the economic hit from the pandemic, some new businesses have opened in Takoma Park and City staff are taking steps to facilitate future redevelopment in locations identified for such activity. The Takoma-Langley Crossroads area and the Long Branch business district are part of a Maryland Enterprise Zone that provides tax incentives to new and expanding businesses and, as noted, the New Hampshire Avenue Corridor is in an Opportunity Zone. Staff have moved forward on workforce development partnerships and continue to pursue grants and State aid to promote long-term economic growth in Takoma Park.

Two exciting City development projects are moving forward. The City's public library building is in the final architectural and engineering design for redevelopment as a slightly larger facility meeting ADA and flood plain standards and reorganizing space to better serve patrons. There is also a community engagement process underway regarding plans to redevelopment the Takoma Park Recreation Center on New Hampshire Avenue. The site has great potential for mixed-use redevelopment, and is within walking distance of the transit hub at Takoma Langley Crossroads. We hope to leverage ownership of the property to create both a new, modem recreational space for the City as well as new development that could add housing and amenities to the community. This site is in the Opportunity Zone and may be able to take advantage of investment through that program.

The City will be coordinating with the Montgomery County Planning Department on a Minor Master Plan for the site of the former Washington Adventist Hospital, Washington Adventist University, and properties along Maple Avenue to ensure that the site of the former Washington Adventist Hospital is redeveloped to advance the interests of the community and to address other community needs. The hospital moved out of Takoma Park in August 2019, although there remains on the site an urgent care facility, a physical rehabilitation center, and some hospital space for COVID-19 patients at this time. To meet the needs of the community, there is interest in locating a public elementary school, housing and/or other health care facilities on the site.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City of Takoma Park is committed to responsible long-term financial planning. Elements with longrange impacts include maintenance of infrastructure and retirement plan costs. In accordance with the City Charter, certain funds are set aside for the scheduled replacement of vehicles and equipment. These funds are accounted for in the Equipment Replacement Reserve. Substantial funds have been allocated to the Equipment Replacement Reserve over the last decade. This funding effort should be continued going forward to ensure that the City has sufficient funds on hand to maintain its vehicle fleet and other equipment in good working order.

The Facility Maintenance Reserve was established to have funds available for large facility maintenance expenses over time and a newer fund, the Housing Reserve, is to have funds available to advance affordable housing efforts such as those identified in the Housing and Economic Development Strategic Plan. The City of Takoma Park Police Employees' Retirement Plan, established in 2001, covers sworn police officers who are employed on a regular full-time basis. Plan provisions include retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The plan does not include retiree health benefits, which has kept costs reasonable.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

During Fiscal Year 2018, the City Council adopted a Reserve Policy that sets the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance to be no less than two months (17%) of the General Fund revenue amount, unless a special situation justifies a lower amount. The City will maintain adequate unassigned fund balance in its General Fund in order to address revenue fluctuations and to avoid any disruption in services caused by a future decline in significant revenue sources and rising costs.

Additionally, the City's use of unrestricted future fund balances and one-time revenue sources will be limited to specific non-recurring projects.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Takoma Park for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the fifteenth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program 's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA for consideration for another certificate.

The preparation of this annual report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all the personnel who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We would also like to thank the members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the City in a responsible and professional manner. Respectfully submitted,

Respectfully, Jamal T. Fox, MPA City Manager

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Takoma Park Maryland

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Organizational Chart The City of Takoma Park, Maryland



<u>CITY OF TAKOMA PARK, MARYLAND</u> <u>LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS</u> <u>Year Ended June 30, 2021</u>

MAYOR KATE STEWART

CITY COUNCIL

PETER KOVAR KACY KOSTIUK CINDY DYBALLA TERRY J. SEAMENS JARRETT K. SMITH TALISHA SEARCY

CITY MANAGER JAMAL T. FOX

DEPUTY CITY MANAGER JESSICA CLARKE

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE SUSAN CHEUNG

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS CohnReznick LLP

Prepared by the Finance Department

Financial Section



Independent Auditor's Report

To the City Council City of Takoma Park, Maryland

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Takoma Park, Maryland, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the index.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Takoma Park, Maryland, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Speed Camera and Special Revenue Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 18 - 32 and the schedules of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios, contributions, the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the City's pension plan contributions on pages 78 - 81 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Takoma Park, Maryland's basic financial statements. The introductory section, budgetary schedules, combining non-major fund schedules, combining fiduciary fund schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary schedules, combining non-major fund schedules and combining fiduciary fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary schedules, the combining non-major fund schedules and combining fiduciary fund schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Takoma Park, Maryland's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Takoma Park, Maryland's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Takoma Park, Maryland's internal control over financial reporting and reporting and compliance.

Cohn Reynick IIP

Baltimore, Maryland October 28, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

As management of the City of Takoma Park, we offer this narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this document is to provide discussion and analysis regarding the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the transmittal letter, the notes to the basic financial statements, and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial position.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of Fiscal Year 2021 by \$43,954,497 (net position). This represents an increase of \$1,706,263 from the prior year. The change in the net position is the result of net surplus of revenues (\$27,754,536) over expenses (\$26,048,273). Under General revenues, approximately 6.2 percent or \$276,826 of the revenue variance from the prior year was due to increase in real property tax \$517,271 which was offset by (\$251,969) decrease in personal property tax. Due to the cancellation of inventory tax and refunds to the tax-payers, the personal property tax had a significant decrease. The City's revenue decreased \$4.4 million primarily due to the reduction of Operating Grants and Contribution. In Program revenues, almost 69% or \$3.06 million was due to decrease in Operating Grants which included the WSSC Flower Ave Green Street (\$2,279,727), CDBG ADA Sidewalk project (\$259,350), and Transportation TAP Grant (\$834,268) Flower Avenue-Montgomery (\$200,000) and the New Avenue Section A (\$145,245). The revenue reduction was offset by the increase of grant funds from CARES Act \$155,349, and the Library State Grant \$189,373.
- Of the City's total net position, the unrestricted net position increased from a deficit of \$3,800,802 in Fiscal Year 2020 to a deficit of \$1,643,080 in Fiscal Year 2021. The unrestricted net position is in deficit due primarily to the required reporting of the net pension liability of \$10,760,724 related to the City's two pension plans. Beginning in 2015, the City implemented GASB 68 and GASB 71 which require recognition of the City's participatory share of pension liability in the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System plan and the pension liability in the City's Police Employees' Retirement plan.
- As of June 30, 2021, the City of Takoma Park's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,183,576, a decrease of (\$615,350) or 2.5 percent, from the prior year. The decrease in fund balance was mainly due to the loss in operations in the General Fund of \$951,819 and in Speed Camera Fund \$5,730. The operating loss was offset by surpluses in Special Revenue Fund \$142,687 and other minor funds including the Stormwater Fund \$199,512. The ending fund balances of \$24,183,576 include \$7,109,661 that is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The decrease in the combined ending governmental fund balances was primarily due to the deficiency of revenues over expenses in the General Fund.
- At the end of Fiscal Year 2021, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,109,661 or 26.9 percent of total General Fund expenses.
- The City of Takoma Park's long-term debt decreased by (\$375,838) during the fiscal year. The decrease was primarily due to the annual principal payments on existing bond debts totaling \$442,000 and an increase of \$66,161 in Compensated Absences.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GASB Statement 34 requires the utilization of dual focus financial reporting. Information is presented on a government-wide basis and on a fund basis.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Takoma Park's basic financial statements that were prepared using these reporting requirements. The City of Takoma Park's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements, which include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Takoma Park's finances. All City operations are categorized as and reported as either governmental or business-type activities. Governmental activities include basic services such as police, public works, recreation, community development, and government administration. The City currently does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 35 and 36 of this report.

Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City of Takoma Park's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The residual amount is reported as net position. Net position is separated into those amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Takoma Park is improving or deteriorating. To assess the City's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of its facilities, must be taken into account.

Statement of Activities. The Statement of Activities presents information on how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Transactions related to non-exchange transactions are reported as soon as the resources. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation).

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Takoma Park, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Takoma Park can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Takoma Park maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Speed Camera Fund, and the Special Revenue Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for these non-major governmental funds (Stormwater Management Fund, Facility Construction Fund and Rehabilitation Loans and Grants Fund) is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Takoma Park adopts an annual appropriated budget for its three major funds: - the General Fund, Speed Camera Fund and Special Revenue Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 37 - 43 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Takoma Park's own programs. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement and accrual basis of accounting.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 44 and 45 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 46 - 75 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information related to the City of Takoma Park's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its Public Safety employees. Other supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules related to the General Fund and the non-major governmental funds and any combining statements related to non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Supplemental information can be found on pages 83 - 90 of this report.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City of Takoma Park's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$43,954,497 as of June 30, 2021. By far the largest portion of the City of Takoma Park's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). This investment was \$33,599,748 or 76.4 percent of the City's net position as of June 30, 2021. Due to the nature of these assets, they are not available for future spending.

The unrestricted portion of the net position was a deficit of \$1,643,080. This category represents the amounts that the City may use to meet ongoing obligations to its residents and creditors. The unrestricted net position deficit resulted from the reporting of the net pension liability of \$10,760,724 related to the City's two pension

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

plans. Before 2015, the liabilities were disclosed in the footnotes to the financial statements and were not reported as liabilities within the financial statements.

The remaining balance of net position \$11,997,829 or 27.3 percent reflects the City's restricted net position, primarily comprised of monies related to the Infra-Structure bond fund, Safe Speed Program, and franchise cable equipment grants, that can only be used for specifically designated purposes.

During the fiscal year, the City of Takoma Park's total net position increased by \$1,706,263. Factors contributing to this growth include the reduction of expenses. The City's overall revenue decreased \$4.4 million primarily due to the reduction of Operating Grants and Intergovernmental revenues. In General revenues, the only upward trend was the change of \$276,826 in property tax. In Program revenues, almost \$3.06 million was due to the decrease in Operating Grants.

In the Governmental activities, the reduction of expenses is a contributing factor to the growth of net position. The change includes (\$1.1 million) expense reduction from Public Safety, and (\$658,891) from the Recreation and Culture Departments.

The following table reflects the City's net position as of June 30, 2021 compared to June 30, 2020.

	2021	2020	
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 29,343,268 42,210,248	\$ 29,491,929 41,395,757	
Total assets	71,553,516	70,887,686	
Deferred outflows of resources	2,064,024	2,650,273	
Liabilities Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	4,726,397 19,491,666	4,141,297 24,128,944	
Total liabilities	24,218,063	28,270,241	
Deferred inflows of resources	5,444,980	3,019,484	
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	33,599,748 11,997,829 (1,643,080)	32,343,257 13,705,779 (3,800,802)	
Total net position	\$ 43,954,497	\$ 42,248,234	

Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City of Takoma Park's net position by \$1,706,263 during Fiscal Year 2021, thereby accounting for the total growth in the net position. The key elements of this increase are shown below. Information for the prior fiscal year is provided for comparative purposes.

Governmental Activities Change in Net Position

Revenues	2021		2020	
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues: Property taxes Intergovernmental Miscellaneous Unrestricted investment earnings	\$	2,148,751 6,239,066 188,335 13,877,603 5,173,570 101,059 26,152	\$	2,818,215 9,556,806 223,874 13,600,777 5,399,612 216,147 381,114
-				
Total revenues		27,754,536		32,196,545
Expenses				
General Government		5,835,772		4,682,369
Public Safety		8,162,933		9,261,998
Public Works		6,619,329		6,774,672
Housing and Community Development		1,883,620		1,788,399
Recreation and Culture		3,248,266		3,907,157
Interest on long-term debt		298,353		314,634
Total expenses		26,048,273		26,729,229
Change in net position		1,706,263		5,467,316
Net position, beginning of year		42,248,234		36,780,918
Net position, end of year	\$	43,954,497	\$	42,248,234

Overall revenues decreased (\$4,442,009) from Fiscal Year 2020 to Fiscal Year 2021. In program revenues, operating grants and contributions decreased (\$3,317,740), the charges for services decreased (\$669,464) and capital grants decreased (\$35,539). In general revenues, property tax revenue increased \$276,826, but intergovernmental revenues decreased (\$226,042). In addition, the investment earnings decreased (\$354,962) and miscellaneous revenues decreased (\$115,088).

Capital grants and contributions decreased (\$35,539), due to the decrease of (\$19,177) in State and County Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) project revenue and the decrease of cable equipment revenue (\$16,362). Operating grants and contributions decreased totaling (\$3,317,740), due to the significant decrease of WSSC-Flower Avenue Green Street grant revenue (\$2,279,727), and Police protection program (\$35,862). In addition, the decrease of Operating Grants also includes the CDBG ADA Sidewalk grant (\$259,350), the Flower Avenue Transportation and Montgomery County funding of (\$1,035,268) and the New Avenue Bikeway grants

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

of (\$145,245). The decrease was offset by the revenue increase in the CARES Act program of \$155,349 and the State Grant Library Construction \$189,373.

Charges for services decreased \$669,464. This variance was primarily due to the (\$419,334) decrease in Recreation and Cultural revenues and the (\$69,413) decrease in Speed Camera fines in the Public Safety category. In addition, other charges for services decreases include Public Parking Facilities (\$52,200), and the Stormwater Utility fees (\$115,248).

Miscellaneous revenue decreased (\$115,088), primarily due to the decrease of Federal Emergency Management grant (\$15,350), the reduction in the Sales of City Properties (\$39,985), the decrease in Insurance Claims (\$20,004), and the decrease in Miscellaneous Other revenue (\$31,227). The Unrestricted Investment revenues decreased (\$354,962) due to the significant reduction in the interest income provided by the banks.

Total expenses decreased by (\$680,956) from Fiscal Year 2020 to Fiscal Year 2021. General Government expenses increased \$1,153,403 due to the \$65,472 increase in Election Expenses, the \$27,410 in Employee Award and Recognition, the \$105,517 increase in Reimagining Public Safety Task Force contract, the \$101,810 increase in City Attorney contract, and the \$33,320 increase in technology contract costs. The remaining variance was due to the increase of \$50,948 in salary expenses in Human Resources Division, the \$34,895 increase in City Manager recruitment costs, the \$380,763 increase in COVID Emergency Assistance and the increase of \$432,980 in the Housing Fund Expenditures in the Non-Departmental Section of the General Fund. The expenses increase was offset by the (\$102,986) reduction in Workers Compensation Insurance.

Public Safety expenses are \$1,099,065 lower than those for Fiscal Year 2020. The variance is primarily due to the (\$1,060,158) decrease in pension expenses in Fiscal Year 2021. In addition, the increase in salary and fringe benefits in Speed Camera Fund totaled \$57,872 but was offset by the reduction (\$94,588) in Contract costs.

Public Works expenses decreased (\$155,343) primarily due to the reduction of (\$265,649) contract costs in various divisions including the (\$124,132) cost of Street Light, the (\$72,850) Sub-contract Work from Urban Forest and the (\$66,298) Sub-contract Work of the City Engineer. The decrease is offset by a \$96,805 increase in pension expense.

Housing and Community Development expenses increased \$95,221 due primarily to the \$199,890 increase in compensated absences. The increase was offset by the (\$69,543) reduction of salary and fringe costs in the Housing and Community Development Administration division due to the hiring delay of the Housing Director and the (\$40,035) Contract reduction in Economic Development Division.

Recreation and Culture expenses decreased (\$658,891) from Fiscal Year 2020 to Fiscal Year 2021. The decrease was primarily due to decrease of (\$173,963) in compensated absences expenses, and overall decrease of (\$487,583) in recreation program and cultural activity costs due to the cancellation of programs during the COVID pandemic in the Recreation, Communications and Library Departments.

Interest on long term debt decreased (\$16,281) from Fiscal Year 2020 to Fiscal Year 2021, due to the principal paydown of the City's three outstanding bond funds including the Transportation and Library Bond Series 2017 and the Community Center Bond Series 2015.

As shown previously, the cost of all governmental activities was \$26,048,273. Those who directly benefited from the services paid \$2,148,751 of the activity costs. The City also received operating and capital grants and contributions from other governments and organizations of \$6,427,401 which reduced the amount paid by City residents for certain services. The net cost of the City's governmental activities totaled \$17,472,121 and was funded with general revenues, including property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021





Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021



Governmental Activities Comparison of Program Revenues versus Expenses Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of June 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds had combined fund balances of \$24,183,576, a decrease of \$615,350 from the prior year. This decrease in fund balance is due primarily to the \$951,819 deficiency of revenue over expenditure in General Fund in Fiscal Year 2021. Approximately 44.7 percent of the fund balance amount is restricted or considered "nonspendable" and is not available for new spending. The portion of the fund balance that is restricted or not available for spending totals \$10,810,757. The use of these funds is restricted for expenditures primarily for street improvement, speed camera program, special revenue grants and library construction.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Takoma Park. At the end of the fiscal year, it had a total fund balance of \$19,412,194, a decrease of (\$951,819) from Fiscal Year 2020. The decrease is due to the higher operating expenditures over operating revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

The General Fund balance includes \$97,536 which is restricted for street improvements, \$6,535,194 which is designated for bond payment and \$242 which is nonspendable (e.g., deposits and prepaid expenditures). A portion of the General Fund balance, totaling \$5,669,561 or 29.2 percent, is committed for the following purposes:

•	Equipment Replacement	\$4,054,455
•	Emergency	541,646
•	Facility Maintenance	427,792
•	Housing Fund Reserve	645,668

The unassigned portion of the General Fund balance as of June 30, 2021 is \$7,109,661. The General Fund total fund balance is \$19,412,194.

Besides the General Fund, the City has two other major funds. The Speed Camera Fund was established to account for the activity related to the City's Safe Speed Program. Fines and fees collected during Fiscal Year 2021 totaled \$817,201. These fines and fees cover operational costs, including the contractual payments to the program vendor, other program administration costs including staffing, and ticket processing costs. Revenues not required for program administration costs are restricted by law and must be used for public safety purposes. The Speed Camera Fund had a fund balance of \$567,456 at June 30, 2021. The entire fund balance is restricted for public safety purposes.

The Special Revenue Fund is also a major fund. This Fund was established primarily to account for revenue and expenditure activity related to the City's grant activities. The Special Revenue Fund had a fund balance of \$3,603,510 as of June 30, 2021. Most of the fund balance is restricted for the acquisition of cable equipment. The amount that is restricted for cable equipment is \$3,575,817. The remaining fund balance of \$27,693 is restricted for police-related expenditures allowed by the Department of Justice Equitable Sharing Program. The increase in the fund balance of the Special Revenue Fund is due to the \$142,687 excess of Cable Grant revenues over expenditures.

The City has three non-major funds: the Stormwater Management Fund, the Rehabilitation Loans and Grants Fund, and the Facility Construction Fund.

The Stormwater Management Fund, which was established to account for revenue and expenditure activity related to the maintenance and construction of the City's stormwater systems, had a fund balance of \$593,597 as of June 30, 2021.

The Rehabilitation Loans and Grants Fund, which was established to account for activities related to loans and grants to assist low- and moderate-income City homeowners in rehabilitating their homes to conform to locally adopted codes, had a fund balance of \$6,819 as of June 30, 2021. The entire fund balance is restricted and related to outstanding notes receivable.

The Facility Construction Fund was established to account for construction activities related to the City's community and municipal center. During Fiscal Year 2021, there was no construction activity related to the community and municipal center that used this fund. The Facility Construction Fund did not have a fund balance at June 30, 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, there were net increases totaling \$2,928,055 in General Fund expenditure appropriations between the original and the final budget due to the appropriation of the prior year's unused funds. Conversely, there was a net decrease of (\$7.7) million between the final budget and the actual expenditures. The largest decrease in expenditure was related to capital outlay. The net decrease of actual from budget was \$4,703,877. These projects included Library construction (decreased \$3.2 million), the Flower Avenue Green Street project (decreased \$188,924), Equipment Reserve expenditure (decreased \$203,913), Building Maintenance expenditures (increased \$4,329) and Sidewalk projects (decreased \$15,279). The reduction in appropriations was due to project delays. In addition, there were budget decreases in various departments including General Government (decreased \$823,546), Public Works (decreased \$420,868) Housing and Community (decreased \$338,550) and Recreation and Culture (decreased \$587,499). The reduction in the expenditure appropriation was primarily due to the City Facility closing and cancellation of recreational and cultural activities during the COVID pandemic.

On a budgetary basis, actual revenues for the fiscal year were less than the final amended budget by \$139,928. The decreases were due to the personal property collection below the budgeted amounts by \$198,310; but in the highway user tax, the revenues were higher than the budgeted amount by \$44,234. Intergovernmental income was \$227,301 higher than the budgeted amount. Conversely, actual Miscellaneous revenues were lower than expected in the amount of (\$297,350), which included the (\$49,405) Passport fee, the (\$15,197) Sales of Property, the (\$32,495) interest income and Summons and Forfeiture (\$34,364). Recreation charges for service revenues were below the budgeted amount by (\$97,143) which included revenues decrease from summer camp (\$40,999), and facility rental (\$9,510) during COVID-19.

Actual General Fund expenditures were \$7.7 million less than the revised budget authorization. General Government expenditures were \$823,430 less than the final amended budget. The budget for General Government includes expenditures (e.g., insurance premiums, workers' compensation, contingencies, and provision for allowance) that relate to all City functions. Anticipated expenditures for general contingencies were \$129,971 less than budgeted. Housing Fund expenditures were \$167,029 less than budgeted and COVID Emergency Assistance grants were \$113,174 less than budgeted. Grants and Partnership Programs, General Liability and other fringe benefits expenditures were less than the budgeted totaling \$197,636.

Contractual services and personnel costs in Legislative Government, Legal Services and other General Government divisions were \$113,339 less than budgeted. Association Dues and employment legal service contract costs were \$27,769 less than budgeted. Overall division fringe benefit costs were \$72,050 less than budgeted.

Public Safety expenditures were \$475,386 less than budgeted due to lower than expected salary and fringe benefit costs of (\$196,821) in the Investigation and Administration Services divisions and the overall overtime reduction of (\$243,026) in the Operations Division.

Public Works expenditures were \$745,889 less than budgeted. The variance was due to staff vacancies, and lower than anticipated expenditures for contractor work. In the Sustainability division, lower than anticipated expenditures in sustainability programs and climate resiliency contracts totaled \$245,815. In the Urban Forest division, lower than anticipated expenditures included subcontractor costs totaling \$48,885 primarily due to the vacancy and hiring of the new arborist. In City Engineer division, the material cost and labor for subcontractor was \$87,141 less than budgeted.

Housing and Community Development expenditures were \$330,579 less than budgeted. Overall personnel costs were down \$100,998 due to the vacant positions. Contract and program services were down \$87,148 due to the delays in the implementation of projects that were deferred and lower than anticipated need for contracted

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

services. In the Planning division, site improvement costs, including the streetscape improvements, were \$68,728 lower than budgeted.

Expenditures for Recreation and Culture were \$587,499 less than budgeted. Recreation and Culture activities include those of the Recreation, Library and Communications Departments. In the Recreation divisions, the actual contract and program expenditures were \$242,491 lower than budgeted. The variance of \$274,842 in personnel costs was attributed to the overall staffing cost reduction due to COVID-19 program cancellation. The Library's expenditures were \$64,736 under the budgeted amount mainly due to the reduction of personnel related salaries and fringe benefits and book purchases.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2021, the City of Takoma Park's investment in capital assets (buildings, roads and other infrastructure, vehicles, and equipment) for its governmental activities totaled \$42,210,248 (net of accumulated depreciation). This amount represents an increase of \$814,491 from the prior year's ending total capital assets of \$41,395,757. The increase was attributable to asset additions of \$624,904 in Construction in Progress, \$6,857,152 in Depreciable Capital Assets, and net of depreciation expense of \$2,377,146. There was no asset disposal during the year and \$4,290,419 has been transferred from Construction in Progress to Depreciable Capital Assets. Asset additions made during the fiscal year included vehicles for Public Safety and City Administration \$237,088, Housing and Library equipment \$174,357, and Media audio and video equipment \$18,625. Infrastructure improvements totaling \$6,279,437 included new sidewalks, the Ethan Allen Gateway project, New Avenue Bikeway, WSSC Flower Avenue construction and the Takoma Branch Stream restoration project. Further information on the City's capital assets is shown in following table:

Governmental Activities

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) 2021		2021		2020
Land	\$	1,959,111	\$	1,959,111
Construction in progress		1,446,805		5,112,320
Buildings		11,652,937		11,603,751
Improvements other than buildings		1,741,210		1,797,320
Equipment		2,708,803		3,626,066
Infrastructure		22,701,382		17,297,189
	^		•	
Total	\$	42,210,248	\$	41,395,757

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021



Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 10 - Capital assets and other property on page 57 of this report.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the City had \$9,830,358 in outstanding debt, a decrease of (\$375,839) or about 3.7 percent from the prior year. The outstanding debt is comprised of long-term notes and bonds and accrued obligations for compensated absences. The decrease in outstanding debt was primarily due to the principal payments on existing debt totaling \$442,000, and net of the increase of \$66,161 in compensated absences.

The City's aggregate net pension liability totaled \$10,760,724 at year-end, a decrease of (\$4,064,559) from the prior year. The decrease of (\$4,064,559) is the net between \$953,005 increase in the State Pension Plan liability and (\$5,017,564) decrease in Police Pension Plan liability. The significant decrease in the Police Pension liability was due to the change in investment value of pension assets. The changes in liabilities are based on the actuarial valuations. Further information on the City's outstanding debt is shown in the following table. Information for the prior fiscal year is shown for comparative purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Long-Term Liabilities		2021		2020
Loan payable - Maryland Department of	•	450.000	^	450.000
Housing Community Development	\$	150,000	\$	150,000
Bond payable - Community Center (2015)		674,000		830,500
Bond payable - Library Construction (2017)		1,545,000		1,667,000
Bond payable - Transportation (2017)		6,391,500		6,555,000
Accrued obligations for compensated absences		1,069,858		1,003,697
Aggregate net pension liabilities		10,760,724		14,825,283
Total	\$	20,591,082	\$	25,031,480



Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 11 - Non-current liabilities on pages 58 - 59 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND TAX RATES

The following are some highlights of the adopted budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021:

- Real property tax revenues increase by \$368,705 compared to FY21 budgeted revenues.
- Tax duplication ("In Lieu Of") payments from Montgomery County decreases by \$15,863, compared to FY21, to \$3,598,373, with some offset in Police Rebate funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

- Staffing levels decrease by 0.24 full-time equivalents. The net decrease reflects the creation of a new Communication position, and adjustments in existing positions primarily part-time staff in the Recreation, Library and Communications Department.
- Anticipated General Fund expenditures of \$1.28 million for streets and sidewalks. Expenditures include ADA city sidewalks (\$200,000), ADA SHA sidewalks (\$300,000), new sidewalk design and traffic calming (\$250,000) and street rehabilitation (\$500,000). The FY22 cost of Library design and renovation is expected to be \$4.8 million and is funded by a \$7 million Library Bond and \$226,700 State Grant.
- Contribution of \$700,000 to replenish the Equipment Replacement Reserve. Funds from the Equipment Replacement Reserve will be used to replace vehicles and equipment, including five police cars (\$304,500), half of the cost of the electric street sweeper (\$273,000), mobile computers (\$150,000), field radio equipment (\$35,000) and license plate readers (\$13,400).
- No fund contribution will be made to the Facility Maintenance Reserve. Funds from the Facility Maintenance Reserve will be used to repair Recreation Center Gym Floor (\$10,000), begin to construct the Community Center Atrium Floor (\$200,000) and upgrade the HVAC control system (\$40,000) of the Community Center.
- Financial support for the Community Festival totals \$7,000, and \$200,000 is set aside for grant programs including the Emergency Tree Removal (\$25,000), STEAM Community Grants (\$80,000), Emergency Assistance Fund (\$50,000), Mini Grants (\$25,000) and Small Business Support (\$20,000).
- The City is expected to receive federal funding under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) in the amount of \$14.8 million over two years, with the first half totaling \$7.4 million provided in Fiscal 2022. During the year, \$1.2 million of the \$7.4 million is budgeted to replenish the revenue losses in the General Fund during the COVID-19 pandemic compared to Fiscal 2019. The remaining amount of \$6.2 million is added to the Special Revenue Fund Reserve. \$100,000 is budgeted to fund the IT document storage and management project.
- Funding is provided for Council priority programs such as the Housing Reserve Fund (\$210,000) and Community Partnership Program (\$195,000).
- Funding in the amount of \$273,000 for half of the cost of electric street sweeper and expenditures of \$100,000 in Stormwater Funds for the construction, maintenance, and repair of storm drains, inlets, channels, and ditches, in 13th and Hillwood Manor Playground (\$55,000) and Cockerille Avenue pipe realignment (\$45,000).
- Funding in the amount of \$1,023,698 in Special Revenue Funds for special projects, including (\$320,000) for the New Hampshire Avenue Bikeway, (\$100,000) for the Façade Grant, (\$91,000) for CDBG Houston Court and (\$91,000) for CDBG ADA Sidewalks. The City has budgeted \$8,000 in Federal ARPA to support the Façade Grant project.
- Anticipated expenditure of \$51,000 from Speed Camera Fund revenues. Expenditures include the purchase of camera trailer (\$33,000), and bike patrol unit equipment (\$18,000) for the Police Department.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the monies it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the City of Takoma Park Finance Department, 7500 Maple Avenue, Takoma Park, Maryland 20912 or 301-891-7212.
This page intentionally left blank.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted investments Accounts receivable, net Notes receivable, net Due from other governments Other assets Capital assets, net	<pre>\$ 14,784,673 3,772,849 7,968,565 257,213 5,273 2,554,453 242</pre>
Non-depreciable Depreciable	3,405,916 38,804,332
Total assets	71,553,516
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related	2,064,024
Liabilities Accounts payable	2,510,518
Accrued liabilities	449,512
Deposits and escrows held	172,633
Due to other governments	208,869
Unearned revenue Non-current liabilities:	285,449
Due within one year	1,099,416
Due in more than one year	19,491,666
Total liabilities	24,218,063
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related	5,444,980
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	33,599,748
Public safety	567,456
Cable equipment	3,575,817
Loans	6,819
Streets	6,632,730
Emergency expenses	541,646
Housing Justice forfeiture	645,668
Unrestricted	27,693 (1,643,080)
omostrotou	(1,0+0,000)
Total net position	\$ 43,954,497

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Charges for		gram revenues Operating grants and	oital grants	r ch	et (expense) evenue and anges in net position overnmental
		Expenses		services		ontributions	contributions		activities
Functions/Programs									
Governmental activities General government Public safety Public works Housing and community development Recreation and culture Interest on long-term debt	\$	5,835,772 8,162,933 6,619,329 1,883,620 3,248,266 298,353	\$	34,637 1,036,283 726,795 335,342 15,694 -	\$	285,149 4,310,937 820,177 308,871 513,932 -	\$ 188,335 - - - - - -	\$	(5,327,651) (2,815,713) (5,072,357) (1,239,407) (2,718,640) (298,353)
Total governmental activities	\$	26,048,273	\$	2,148,751	\$	6,239,066	\$ 188,335		(17,472,121)
	- 	eneral revenues Faxes Property taxes ntergovernment Miscellaneous Jnrestricted inve	al - un	restricted	urpose	es			13,877,603 5,173,570 101,059 26,152
		Total genera	l reve	nues					19,178,384
	Ch	ange in net posi	tion						1,706,263
	Ne	t position, begin	ning o	f year					42,248,234
	Ne	t position, end o	f year					\$	43,954,497

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	 General Fund	Speed Camera Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Non-Major Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,255,895	\$	4,876,706	\$	-	\$	652,072	\$	14,784,673
Investments Restricted investments	3,772,849		-		-		-		3,772,849
Restricted investments Receivables, net	7,968,565		-		-		-		7,968,565
Taxes	205,754		-		-		_		205,754
Notes	- 200,704		-		-		5,273		5,273
Other	30,360		-		-		21,099		51,459
Due from other funds	4,273,736		5,959		3,496,895		371,475		8,148,065
Due from other governments	2,253,172		-		298,931		2,350		2,554,453
Other assets	 242		-		-				242
Total assets	27,760,573		4,882,665		3,795,826		1,052,269		37,491,333
Deferred outflows of resources	 -				-		-		-
Total assets and deferred outflows									
of resources	\$ 27,760,573	\$	4,882,665	\$	3,795,826	\$	1,052,269	\$	37,491,333
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 2,351,360	\$	36,309	\$	122,467	\$	382	\$	2,510,518
Accrued expenditures	368,321		6,994		-		2,488		377,803
Deposits and escrows held Due to other funds	152,057 3,660,836		- 4,271,906		8,185 5,959		12,391 209,364		172,633 8,148,065
Due to other units of government	3,000,030		4,271,900		5,959		209,304 208,869		208,869
Unearned revenue	- 229,744		-		- 55,705		-		285,449
oneamed revenue	 220,144				00,700				200,440
Total liabilities	 6,762,318		4,315,209		192,316		433,494		11,703,337
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unavailable revenues	1,586,061		-		-		18,359		1,604,420
Fund balances									
Nonspendable	242		-		-		-		242
Restricted	6,632,730		567,456		3,603,510		6,819		10,810,515
Committed Assigned	5,669,561		-		-		- 593,597		5,669,561 593,597
Unassigned	- 7,109,661		-		-		595,597		7,109,661
Unassigned	 7,109,001								7,109,001
Total fund balances	 19,412,194		567,456		3,603,510		600,416		24,183,576
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$ 27,760,573	\$	4,882,665	\$	3,795,826	\$	1,052,269	\$	37,491,333

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 24,183,576
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of these assets is \$74,998,226 and the accumulated depreciation is \$32,787,978.	42,210,248
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(9,830,358)
Interest on long-term debt and other expenses are not accrued in governmental funds, but rather are recognized as an expenditure when due.	(71,709)
Net pension liability is recognized as a liability on the Statement of Net Position but not in the fund financial statements.	(10,760,724)
Payments made for the pension systems reduce the long-term liability on the statement of net position but are treated as expenditures in the funds. This is the amount of deferred outflows of resources.	2,064,024
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension liability and earnings on pension plan investments are not reported in the fund financial statements.	(5,444,980)
Certain receivables are offset by unavailable revenue in the governmental funds since they are not available to pay for current-period expenditures. This is the amount of unavailable revenues.	1,604,420
Total net position - Governmental Activities	\$ 43,954,497

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		General Fund						Speed Camera Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Non-Major Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Revenues														
Taxes and utility fees	\$	18,320,303	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,320,303				
Licenses and permits		88,799		-		-		-		88,799				
Fines and forfeitures		170,636		817,201		-		-		987,837				
Use of money and property		25,274		878		-		-		26,152				
Charges for services		461,223		-		-		593,297		1,054,520				
Intergovernmental		6,366,173		-		760,905		-		7,127,078				
Miscellaneous		61,325		-		7,839		4,851		74,015				
Total revenues		25,493,733		818,079		768,744		598,148		27,678,704				
Expenditures														
General government		5,282,587		-		-		192		5,282,779				
Public safety		8,407,906		796,863		-		-		9,204,769				
Public works		4,675,978		-		-		392,447		5,068,425				
Housing and community development		1,573,904		-		22,709		-		1,596,613				
Recreation and culture		3,128,359		-		-		-		3,128,359				
Capital outlay		2,633,828		26,946		603,348		5,997		3,270,119				
Debt service														
Principal		442,000		-		-		-		442,000				
Interest		300,990		-				-		300,990				
Total expenditures		26,445,552		823,809		626,057		398,636		28,294,054				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other														
financing sources (uses)		(951,819)		(5,730)		142,687		199,512		(615,350)				
Net changes in fund balances		(951,819)		(5,730)		142,687		199,512		(615,350)				
Fund balances, beginning of year		20,364,013		573,186		3,460,823		400,904		24,798,926				
Fund balances, end of year	\$	19,412,194	\$	567,456	\$	3,603,510	\$	600,416	\$	24,183,576				

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total net change in fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(615,350)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$3,191,637) exceeds depreciation expense (\$2,377,146) in the period.		814,491
amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for compensated absences are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid or expected to be paid within one year). This year, leave earned exceeded used by \$66,161.		(66,161)
Long-term debt repayments are an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of long-term debt repayments for fiscal year		442,000
Pension benefit (expense) pertaining to the net pension liability does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the funds.		1,052,814
Interest (expense) in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the net increase in accrued interest.		2,635
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are not recognized unless they are deemed "available" to finance current expenditures. Accrual- basis recognition is not limited by availability, so certain revenues need to be reduced by the amounts that were unavailable at the beginning of the year and increased by the amounts that were unavailable at the end of the year. This adjustment records a net increase in "unavailable" revenues at the end of the year over the amount at the beginning of the year.		75,834
Change in net position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,706,263
Change in her position of Governmental Activities	ψ	1,700,203

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Or	iginal budget	F	inal budget		Actual	fi	ariance with nal budget positive (negative)
Revenues								
Taxes and utility fees	\$	18,225,744	\$	18,225,744	\$	18,320,303	\$	94,559
Licenses and permits	Ψ	83,604	Ψ	83,604	Ψ	88,799	Ψ	5,195
Fines and forfeitures		210,000		210,000		170,636		(39,364)
Use of money and property		283,900		57,900		25,274		(32,626)
Charges for services		873,410		558,366		461,223		(97,143)
Intergovernmental		6,237,872		6,138,872		6,366,173		227,301
Miscellaneous		79,675		359,175		61,325		(297,850)
		,				01,020		(201,000)
Total revenues		25,994,205		25,633,661		25,493,733		(139,928)
Expenditures								
Current		E 700 707		6 106 017		E 000 E07		000 400
General government Public safety		5,728,787 8,865,809		6,106,017 8,883,292		5,282,587 8,407,906		823,430 475,386
Public salety Public works		5,396,347		8,883,292 5,421,867		8,407,908 4,675,978		475,380 745,889
Housing and community development		1,831,844		1,904,483		1,573,904		330,579
Recreation and culture		3,796,330		3,715,858		3,128,359		587,499
Capital outlay		4,647,001		7,337,705		2,633,828		4,703,877
Debt service		918,054		743,005		742,990		4,703,077
		010,004		140,000		142,000		10
Total expenditures		31,184,172		34,112,227		26,445,552		7,666,675
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures before other financing		(5 400 007)		(0.470.500)		(054.040)		7 500 747
sources (uses)		(5,189,967)		(8,478,566)		(951,819)		7,526,747
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in (out)		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-				
Net change in fund balance		(5,189,967)		(8,478,566)		(951,819)		7,526,747
Fund balance, beginning of year		20,364,013		20,364,013		20,364,013		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	15,174,046	\$	11,885,447	\$	19,412,194	\$	7,526,747

Speed Camera Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

						fin	iance with al budget positive
	Orig	inal budget	Fin	al budget	 Actual	(r	negative)
Revenues							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,000,000	\$	750,000	\$ 817,201	\$	67,201
Use of money and property -							
interest income		40,000		40,000	 878		(39,122)
Total revenues		1,040,000		790,000	 818,079		28,079
Expenditures							
Public safety		764,328		764,328	796,863		(32,535)
Capital outlay		51,000		50,000	 26,946		23,054
Total expenditures		815,328		814,328	 823,809		(9,481)
Net change in fund balance		224,672		(24,328)	(5,730)		18,598
Fund balance, beginning of year		573,186		573,186	 573,186		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	797,858	\$	548,858	\$ 567,456	\$	18,598

Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Orio	jinal budget	Fi	nal budget	Actual	f	ariance with inal budget positive (negative)
		,			 		(
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	1,495,146	\$	2,086,979	\$ 760,905	\$	(1,326,074)
Miscellaneous		46,000		48,946	 7,839		(41,107)
Total revenues		1,541,146		2,135,925	 768,744		(1,367,181)
Expenditures							
General government		1,000		1,000	-		1,000
Housing and community		.,		.,			.,
development		309,816		329,267	22,709		306,558
Capital outlay		1,149,430		1,724,758	603,348		1,121,410
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total expenditures		1,460,246		2,055,025	 626,057		1,428,968
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		80,900		80,900	142,687		61,787
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer from General Fund		-			 <u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance		80,900		80,900	142,687		61,787
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,460,823		3,460,823	 3,460,823		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,541,723	\$	3,541,723	\$ 3,603,510	\$	61,787

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value: Equities Fixed income	\$ 992,384 16,689,469 7,011,494
Total investments	 23,700,963
Total assets	24,693,347
Deferred outflows of resources	-
Liabilities	-
Deferred inflows of resources	
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 24,693,347

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Additions	
Employer contributions	\$ 1,373,752
Plan member contributions	 230,106
Total contributions and other receipts	1,603,858
Net investment earnings	5,296,094
	 · · · .
Total additions	 6,899,952
Deductions Benefits and refunds paid Administrative expenses	 1,025,090 25,509
Total deductions	 1,050,599
Change in net position	5,849,353
Net position restricted for pensions, beginning of year	 18,843,994
Net position restricted for pensions, end of year	\$ 24,693,347

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies of the City of Takoma Park, Maryland (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to local governments. A summary of significant accounting policies followed by the City are presented below.

Reporting entity

The City was incorporated in 1890 with its legal authority derived from Chapter 310, Section 2 of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The City is construed to mean both the City and its inhabitants. Since 1989, the City has operated under the Council-Manager form of government. Services provided include refuse, streets and drainage, recreation and parks, police, planning, community development, and housing services.

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GAAP, the reporting entity includes the City Council, the primary government, and the following fiduciary funds:

City of Takoma Park Police Employees' Retirement Plan ("Pension Trust")

City of Takoma Park Employees 401(a) Plan ("Defined Contribution Plan")

The City has no component units as defined by generally accepted accounting principles.

Additional information and actuarial reports for the pension plan and additional plan information for the 401(a) plan may be obtained from the City Clerk's office, 7500 Maple Avenue, Takoma Park, Maryland 20912.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions are that interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities are those which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, whereas business-type activities are those supported through customer service charges. The City does not have any business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those specifically associated with a program or function. Program revenues include charges for services and grants and contributions restricted to the capital or operational requirements of specific programs or functions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, such as taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are shown for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The accounting and financial reporting is determined by its measurement focus. Government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Property taxes are recognized in the year of levy and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. For pension trust funds, employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

Governmental fund statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction that can be determined and available means collected within 60 days of the year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred as in the accrual basis of accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt and expenditures for compensated absences are recorded when the payments are due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, taxes collected by the state and county on behalf of the City, franchise taxes, revenues from other agencies, interest revenue and charges for services. Fines and forfeitures, licenses, permits, penalties and interest (on property taxes) and other revenues become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

The City has three major governmental funds: General Fund, Speed Camera Fund and Special Revenue Fund. The General Fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the City such as police, public works, recreation and parks, general government, etc. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other taxes, service charges and grants from other governmental units. The Speed Camera Fund accounts for the financial activity related to the City's speed enforcement cameras. The Special Revenue Fund was established to account for the financial activity of proceeds of special revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. During fiscal year 2021, most Special Revenue Fund revenues came from cable companies for upgrading cable equipment. Other Special Revenue Fund revenues included the Community Development Block Grants, Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission grant for water main design work for Flower Avenue, and highway funds for Safe Routes to School projects. There are three non-major governmental funds: the Stormwater Management Fund, the Rehabilitation Loans and Grants Fund, and the Facility Construction Fund. The Stormwater Management Fund was established to track the financial activity related to construction of the City's stormwater management facilities. The Rehabilitation Loans and Grants Fund accounts for the financial activity related to the City's rehabilitation loans and grants. The Facility Construction Fund accounts for the financial activity related to the construction of the City's facilities. The Fiduciary Fund accounts for the financial activity of the City's Police Employees' Retirement Plan and the City's defined contribution pension plan.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, net position and fund balances

Cash, cash equivalents and investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months at the time of purchase. All cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported at fair value except for the position in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool ("MLGIP"). The MLGIP operates in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Rule 2(a)-7 as promulgated under the Investment Compact Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, the MLGIP qualifies as a 2(a)7-like pool and is reported using the amortized cost method. Cash deposits of the City are made in accordance with the Annotated Code of Maryland (the "Code"), which requires depositories to give security in the form of collateral as provided for in the Code, for the safekeeping of these deposits.

Excess funds are also permitted to be invested either in bonds or other obligations for the payment of principal and interest of which the full faith and credit of the United States of America are pledged, obligations of federal government agencies issued pursuant to acts of Congress, or in the local government investment pool created by the State of Maryland. The Pension Trust Funds are also authorized to invest in corporate bonds and notes, preferred stocks, and common stocks. Assets in the Pension Trust Funds are also reported at fair value.

Receivables and payables

Property taxes are reported at their estimated collectible value. The following summarizes the property tax calendar:

Real property	Personal and corporate
Dec. 31	Jan. 1
June 30	June 30
July 1	July 1
July 1	On County bill
July 1 and Jan. 1	July 1 and Jan. 1
Oct. 1, Jan. 1 60 days 2/3 of 1%	After 30 days 30 days 2/3 of 1%
	property Dec. 31 June 30 July 1 July 1 July 1 and Jan. 1 Oct. 1, Jan. 1 60 days

Information presented is for a "full year" levy. "Half year" levy dates are each six months later, and relate to new construction in the first six months of the calendar year. A lien is attached to property on the billing date and sold at tax sale by the end of 18 months.

Allowances for uncollectible accounts are maintained on all types of receivables that historically experience bad debt. Receivables are shown net of such an allowance for uncollectibles. Real property taxes are generally fully collectible.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure such as roads, storm drains and pipe systems, are reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, the City has included infrastructure. The City defines capital assets as those which have an

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

individual acquisition cost or donated value of at least \$5,000 (except for infrastructure which is \$100,000) and an estimated useful life of three years or more. Such assets are valued at historical or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are stated at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value or extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Intangible assets are capitalized at historical cost or acquisition value, if donated. Capitalization thresholds are \$500,000 for internally generated computer software, \$250,000 for other computer software and \$100,000 for land use rights and other intangible assets such as patents, trademarks, and copyrights.

Expenditures for major assets and improvements are capitalized as the assets are acquired or constructed. Interest on debt during the construction period is capitalized. Exhaustible capital assets are depreciated, which is charged as an expense against their operations. Land is not an exhaustible asset and is a non-depreciable asset. Accumulated depreciation is reported in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Intangible assets are amortized over their useful lives using the straight-line method if they do not have indefinite useful lives. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	20 - 40 years
Improvements other than buildings	25 - 50 years
Equipment	4 - 10 years
Infrastructure	25 - 50 years

Deferred outflows of resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of newly issued debt is reported as other financing sources and the amount of principal repayment is reported as an expenditure.

Compensated absences

Full-time employees earn 4.62 hours of sick leave for each pay period. Sick leave may be accumulated with no maximum balance, and may be applied day-for-day in order to assist an employee in meeting the years of service retirement requirement under the Pension Plan of the State of Maryland. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulated rights to receive sick pay benefits, as the City does not pay these amounts when employees separate from service.

Employees earn annual vacation leave at the rate of 12 days per year for up to five years of service; 18 days per year for five to 10 years of service; and 24 days per year for over 10 years of service. Vested vacation is accrued when earned by employees and a liability is recorded in the government-wide statements. All outstanding vacation, not to exceed 240 hours, is payable upon separation of service.

For governmental fund types, the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave that is payable from available resources is recorded as a liability of the respective fund only if it has matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements and resignations.

Deferred inflows of resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

Net position

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings, and reduced or increased by deferred inflows and outflows attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation and are reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those constraints.

Unrestricted net position - Consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Governmental fund balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- 1. Non-Spendable Fund Balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted Fund Balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of restrictions imposed externally by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by the City Charter, City Code or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Fund Balance amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action (ordinance) by City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority, and can only be changed by a formal action by City Council ordinance.
- 4. Assigned Fund Balance amounts that are constrained by the City's intent that they will be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Pursuant to the City Charter, the City Manager and the City Council are authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes.
- 5. Unassigned Fund Balance all amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The City considers restricted fund balances to be spent for governmental expenditures first when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. The City also considers committed fund balances to be spent first, assigned fund balances to be spent second and unassigned fund balances be spent last when other unrestricted fund balance classifications are available for use.

Note 2 - Stewardship, compliance and accountability

Budgetary information

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 2. The budget ordinance becomes effective July 1 and provides spending authority for the operations of the City government.
- 3. In compliance with the City Charter, a general expenditure contingency (equal to at least 0.5% of total budgeted revenue for the general fund) is budgeted. The account is maintained to meet extraordinary or unanticipated expenditures as directed by the Council.
- 4. The City Manager may reallocate expenditures within the budget adopted by the Council, subject to such restrictions as the Council shall impose by ordinance. Subsequent to passage of the budget ordinance, the City Council must approve additional expenditures.
- 5. At the end of the fiscal year, unencumbered appropriations lapse.
- 6. The annual budgets for the General, Stormwater Management, Speed Camera Fund, and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary control is maintained at the fund level. An annual budget is not adopted for the Rehabilitation Loans and Grants Fund and the Facility Construction Fund.
- 7. The budget information presented in the accompanying basic financial statements includes all budget ordinances and amendments as approved by the City Council for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 3 - Cash, cash equivalents and investments

Cash on hand

At year-end, cash on hand for petty cash and change funds was \$1,376.

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City of Takoma Park (the "City") deposits was \$15,775,681 and the corresponding bank balances were \$15,974,291. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$15,724,291 was covered by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the City's name. The City was not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Investments

At June 30, 2021, the City's investment balances by type were as follows:

					Inves	t maturities (in y	ı years)		
	Credit rating	Fair value		L	ess than 1		1-5	Mor	e than 5
Equities*	N/A	\$	16,098,187	\$	-	\$	16,098,187	\$	-
Certificates of Deposit	Not Rated		2,351,347		1,043,728		1,307,619		-
Bond Trustee Account***	N/A		7,968,565		7,968,565		-		-
MLGIP***	AAA		1,421,502		1,421,502		-		-
Collective Investment Trust*	N/A		591,282		-		591,282		-
Fixed Income*	**		7,011,494		-		7,011,494		-
Total investments		\$	35,442,377	\$	10,433,795	\$	25,008,582	\$	-

* Included in fiduciary funds.

** 57.1% of portfolio is rated AAA; 4.6% is rated AA; 10.1% is rated A; 18.7% is rated BBB; 6.8% is rated BB; 1.1% is rated B; 0.4% is rated CCC; and 1.2% is not rated.

*** Pooled investments carried at amortized cost.

Restricted investments

At June 30, 2021, the City's restricted investment balance included Bond Trustee Account, which restricts the use of funds for transportation projects and library renovation related to the Series 2017 bond issue.

Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and investments as shown on the statement of net position

Cash on hand Carrying amount of deposits Carrying amount of investments	\$ 1,376 15,775,681 35,442,377
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	51,219,434
Less fiduciary funds	 24,693,347
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments per Statement of Net Position	\$ 26,526,087
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted investments	\$ 14,784,673 3,772,849 7,968,565
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments per Statement of Net Position	\$ 26,526,087

Investment Interest Rate Risk

Fair value fluctuates with interest rates, and increasing interest rates could cause fair value to decline below original cost. To limit the City's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the City's investment policy limits the term of investment maturities except in the fiduciary funds, for which longer term maturities are allowed to match the cash flow of liabilities. The City's management believes the liquidity in the portfolio is adequate to meet cash flow requirements and to preclude the

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

City from having to sell investments below original cost for that purpose. The investments at June 30, 2021 met the City's investment policy as of that date.

Investment income includes the following for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Total net investment income per Statement of Activities\$26,152

Unrestricted investment earnings per the Statement of Activities of \$26,152 is comprised of dividends and interest.

The net investment earnings per the *Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position* is comprised of the following:

Dividends and interest Realized gain Unrealized gain	\$ 638,437 377,491 4,280,166
	\$ 5,296,094

The calculation of realized gains and losses is independent of the calculation of the change in the fair value of investments, and realized gains and losses of the current period include unrealized amounts from prior periods.

Credit Risk

The City follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants," which requires disclosure of specific criteria regarding external investment pools. The City invests in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool ("MLGIP") which is under the administration of the State Treasurer. The MLGIP was established in 1982 under Article 95 Section 22G of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The MLGIP seeks to maintain a constant value of \$1.00 per unit. Unit value is computed using the amortized cost method. In addition, the net asset value of the pool, marked to market, is calculated and maintained on a weekly basis to ensure a \$1.00 per unit constant value. The City's policy is to attain a rate of return consistent with credit risk. All investments in U.S. Government Agencies Bonds are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2021. The MLGIP is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The repurchase agreements are guaranteed by financial institutions that are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer. The Fiduciary Fund investments have an investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover all or a portion of the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments were \$1,421,502 in MLGIP, \$7,968,565 in Bond Trustee Account, \$16,098,187 in direct securities, \$2,351,347 in certificates of deposit, \$591,282 in Collective Investment Trust, and \$7,011,494 in fixed income funds. At June 30, 2021, all of the City's investments were insured or registered, or the securities were held by the City or its agent in the City's name or were invested in MLGIP.

Note 4 - Fair value measurements

The City has adopted GASB Statement No. 72 - *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 quoted market prices in active markets
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 unobservable inputs

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

- Amounts invested in equities of \$16,098,187 and fixed income of \$7,011,494 are comprised of securities valued using quoted market prices (Level 1) which are then allocated to position holders. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value and to transact at that price.
- Amounts invested in certificates of deposit of \$2,351,347 are comprised of securities which are
 priced by industry standard vendors, using observable inputs such as benchmark yields,
 reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, and issuer spreads (Level 2) which are then allocated to
 position holders at a per unit value.

The following table presents the financial assets that the City measures at fair value or amortized cost:

	Level 1		 Level 2	L	evel 3	 Total
Investments by fair value level Equities Certificates of Deposit Fixed Income	\$	16,098,187 - 7,011,494	\$ - 2,351,347 -	\$	- - -	\$ 16,098,187 2,351,347 7,011,494
Total investments by fair value level	\$	23,109,681	\$ 2,351,347	\$	-	\$ 25,461,028
Investments carried at amortized cost: MLGIP Bond Trustee Account Collective Investment Trust						 1,421,502 7,968,565 591,282
Total investments						\$ 35,442,377

Note 5 - Property taxes

Real and personal property taxes are levied at rates enacted by the City Council in the annual budget ordinance on the assessed value of the property as determined by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation. The rates of levy cannot exceed the constant yield tax rate furnished by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation without public notice and only after public hearings.

The real, personal property and public utility tax rate for fiscal year 2021 was \$0.5397 per \$100, \$1.55 per \$100, and \$1.57 per \$100, respectively, of assessed value. The City charges taxpayers interest (at the rate of 2/3 of 1% per month) and penalties (at the rate of 1% per month) on all overdue taxes.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the year levied and when they become available, including amounts expected to be collected soon enough after the end of the year to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (estimated by the City as 60 days). At June 30, 2021, taxes receivable, net of an allowance for uncollectibles of \$111,722, amounted to \$205,754.

Note 6 - Notes receivable, net

Notes receivable are comprised of \$5,273 recorded in the Rehabilitation Loans and Grants Fund ("Rehabilitation Loans Fund"). Notes receivable recorded in the Rehabilitation Loans Fund consist mainly of below market interest rate loans made to City homeowners of low and moderate income through the rehabilitation loan and grant program, for the purpose of conforming their homes to locally adopted codes and fund balance is nonspendable for general purposes, and may only be used for loans serving the same purpose. At June 30, 2021, notes receivable - Rehabilitation Loans Fund, net of allowances for uncollectibles of \$2,233, amounted to \$5,273.

Note 7 - Deferred inflow of resources - unavailable and unearned revenues

Governmental funds report advanced revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds and Governmental Activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not earned. At June 30, 2021, the unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned		 Total
Income taxes, General Fund Property taxes receivable,	\$	1,425,168	\$	-	\$ 1,425,168
General Fund		150,164		-	150,164
Charges for services, General Fund		4,405		-	4,405
Fees, General Fund		6,324		55,120	61,444
Stormwater receivable, Non-major fund		18,359		-	18,359
General Fund Grant funds received in excess of		-		174,624	174,624
expenditures, Special Revenue Fund				55,705	 55,705
	\$	1,604,420	\$	285,449	\$ 1,889,869

Note 8 - Interfund receivables, payable and transfers

The General Fund periodically advances funds to the Special Revenue Fund and the Facility Construction Fund to cover operating cash deficits. In addition, transfers are used to move unrestricted General Fund revenues to finance various programs that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

The balances at June 30, 2021 of individual fund interfund borrowings were as follows:

	Due from ther Funds	Due to other Funds		
General Fund Speed Camera Special Revenue	\$ 4,273,736 5,959 3,496,895	\$	3,660,836 4,271,906 5,959	
	 7,776,590		7,938,701	
Non-major funds Facility Construction Stormwater Rehab Loan	207,226 164,249 -		207,226 - 2,138	
	 371,475		209,364	
Total	\$ 8,148,065	\$	8,148,065	

Note 9 - Due from other governments

The June 30, 2021, balance due from other governments is as follows:

State of Maryland	
Income tax	\$ 272,116
Income tax reserve	1,425,168
Highway user tax	219,692
Amusement tax	12,322
Police protection	119,735
State Highway Administration	238,877
Other	29,242
Montgomery County	
Franchise fees	191,944
Other	 45,357
Total	\$ 2,554,453

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Note 10 - Capital assets and other property

A summary of changes in capital assets during fiscal year 2021 follows:

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions and Transfers	Deletions and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2021		
Capital assets (not being depreciated) Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,959,111 5,112,320	\$- 624,904	\$ - (4,290,419)	\$ 1,959,111 1,446,805		
Total non-depreciable capital assets	7,071,431	624,904	(4,290,419)	3,405,916		
Capital assets (being depreciated) Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment Infrastructure	19,543,596 3,466,403 9,045,642 32,679,517	577,715 - - 1,989,018	4,290,419	20,121,311 3,466,403 9,045,642 38,958,954		
Total depreciable capital assets	64,735,158	2,566,733	4,290,419	71,592,310		
Less - accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment Infrastructure	(7,939,845) (1,669,083) (5,419,576) (15,382,328)	(528,529) (56,110) (917,263) (875,244)		(8,468,374) (1,725,193) (6,336,839) (16,257,572)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(30,410,832)	(2,377,146)		(32,787,978)		
Total capital assets being depreciated	34,324,326	189,587	4,290,419	38,804,332		
Total capital assets	\$ 41,395,757	\$ 814,491	\$-	\$ 42,210,248		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs in governmental activities as follows:

General government Public safety	\$ 445,527 306,415
Housing and community development	54,963
Public works	1,407,514
Recreation and culture	 162,727
	\$ 2,377,146

Note 11 - Non-current liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2020	Increase		Increase Decrease		Balance June 30, 2021		Due within one year		Coupon interest rate	Date of maturity
Notes payable Loan payable Maryland Department of Housing and Community Development ("DHCD")	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	0.00%	June 2022
Other long-term liabilities												
Bonds payable		830,500		-		(156,500)		674,000		161,000	2.34%	April 2025
Bonds payable		1,667,000		-		(122,000)		1,545,000		124,500	2.78%	April 2032
Bonds payable		6,555,000		-		(163,500)		6,391,500		166,500	3.61%	April 2047
Compensated absences		1,003,697		243,015		(176,854)		1,069,858		497,416		
Net pension liability		14,825,283		953,005		(5,017,564)		10,760,724		-		
	\$	25,031,480	\$	1,196,020	\$	(5,636,418)	\$	20,591,082	\$	1,099,416		

Notes and bonds

In June 2004, the City entered into a Community Legacy Program Loan Agreement with the Maryland Department of Housing and Community Development for an unsecured loan of up to \$300,000 for the construction of a multi-level public parking structure in the Old Town business district. This Agreement was amended in June 2008, and funds were reallocated for other parking related improvements. The total amount of the loan proceeds through June 30, 2010 was \$150,000. The interest rate is 0% annually and principal and interest payments are deferred until June 30, 2022, at which time the unpaid and unforgiven portion of the loan is due and payable. The balance of the loan at June 30, 2021 is \$150,000.

Fiscal year	F	Principal	Ir	nterest	Total		
2022	\$	150,000	\$		\$	150,000	

On August 27, 2015, the City issued bonds in the amount of \$1,518,202 to be used for the community center construction project. The interest rate is 2.34%. Principal is repaid annually and interest payments are made semiannually. The loan matures on April 1, 2025. The balance at June 30, 2021 is \$674,000. The annual installments for the repayment of the bond as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fiscal years	F	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2022	\$	161,000	\$	21,980	\$ 182,980
2023		166,000		17,150	183,150
2024		171,000		12,170	183,170
2025		176,000		7,040	 183,040
Total	\$	674,000	\$	58,340	\$ 732,340

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

On August 21, 2017, the City issued bonds in the amount of \$2,000,000 to be used to fund the transportation projects of Flower Avenue Green Street and Ethan Allen Gateway. The interest rate is 2.78%. Principal is repaid annually and interest payments are made semiannually. The loan matures on April 1, 2032. The balance at June 30, 2021 is \$1,545,000. The annual installments for the repayment of the bond as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fiscal years	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$ 124,500	\$ 41,943	\$ 166,443
2023	127,000	39,391	166,391
2024	129,500	36,787	166,287
2025	132,000	34,133	166,133
2026	135,000	31,143	166,143
2027 - 2031	736,000	95,507	831,507
2032	 161,000	 5,172	 166,172
Total	\$ 1,545,000	\$ 284,076	\$ 1,829,076

On August 1, 2017, the City issued bonds in the amount of \$7,000,000 to be used to fund the future renovations to the library and community center. The interest rate is 3.61%. Principal is repaid annually and interest payments are made semiannually. The loan matures on April 1, 2047. The balance at June 30, 2021 is \$6,391,500. The annual installments for the repayment of the bond as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fiscal years	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$ 166,500	\$ 222,898	\$ 389,398
2023	169,000	219,484	388,484
2024	173,500	216,020	389,520
2025	175,500	212,463	387,963
2026	178,500	208,488	386,988
2027 - 2031	982,000	962,202	1,944,202
2032 - 2036	1,147,500	796,380	1,943,880
2037 - 2041	1,364,500	579,932	1,944,432
2042 - 2046	1,661,000	282,690	1,943,690
2047	 373,500	 15,127	 388,627
Total	\$ 6,391,500	\$ 3,715,684	\$ 10,107,184

Note 12 - Fund balances

Fund balances for the City's governmental funds consisted of the following as of June 30, 2021:

Nonspendable fund balances

Nonspendable fund balances as of June 30, 2021 are comprised of trash bins of \$242 in the General Fund.

Restricted fund balances

Restricted fund balances total \$10,810,515 as of June 30, 2021. The General Fund restricted fund balance at June 30, 2021 is \$6,632,730, of which \$6,535,194 is restricted for the bond reserve and

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

\$97,536 pertains to street improvements. Fund balance in the Speed Camera Fund is restricted to public safety projects. At June 30, 2021, this amount was \$567,456. Most of the fund balance in the Special Revenue Fund is restricted to cable equipment and related expenditures. At June 30, 2021, this amount was \$3,575,817. The remaining fund balance in the Special Revenue Fund of \$27,693 is restricted for police-related expenditures allowed by the Department of Justice Equitable Sharing Program for forfeitures. The amount restricted in the Rehabilitation Loans and Grants Fund related to notes receivable is \$6,819 as of June 30, 2021.

Committed fund balances

The General Fund has \$5,669,561 in committed fund balances as of June 30, 2021. This is comprised of the following:

Equipment replacement reserve	\$ 4,054,455 541,646
Emergency reserve Facility maintenance reserve	427,604
Housing fund reserve	645,668
Reserve for encumbrances - payroll	 188
	\$ 5,669,561

The Charter requires a minimum reservation of \$250,000 to cover emergency expenditures for the health, safety or welfare of persons, or actions necessary to perform essential governmental functions, plus a percentage increase each year, equal to the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index. The City has committed \$541,646 for emergency expenses as of June 30, 2021.

Assigned fund balances

Assigned fund balance totaling \$593,597 as of June 30, 2021 is assigned to stormwater management projects.

Note 13 - Retirement plans

The City has adopted GASB No. 68 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions ("GASB 68") for the year ended June 30, 2020. The City participates in the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the "System") described below and qualifies as a Participating Governmental Unit ("PGU"). The State Retirement Agency (the "Agency") is the Plan Administrator and fiduciary. GASB No. 68 requires that a PGU recognize its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability (i.e., unfunded pension liability) and pension expense. The City's proportionate share is based on total System contributions and approximates \$7,326,879 as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

The City has also adopted GASB No. 71 - *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date* - An Amendment of GASB No. 68. GASB No. 71 requires that contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date be recognized as a deferred outflow of resources. The City's fiscal 2021 contribution of \$804,011 is therefore recognized as a pension-related deferred outflow of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Description of plans

The State of Maryland identifies multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans as cost-sharing plans.

On October 1, 1941, the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Maryland was established to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, elected and appointed officials and the employees of participating governmental units. Effective January 1, 1980, the Employees' Retirement System was essentially closed to new members and the Employees' Pension System was established.

The Employees' Pension System of the State of Maryland ("Pension System") was established January 1, 1980. The Pension System covers employees hired after December 31, 1979, as well as Retirement System participants who have voluntarily joined the Pension System. The Employees' Contributory Pension System of the State of Maryland ("Contributory Pension System") was established July 1, 1998. As of July 1, 1999, and retroactively to July 1, 1998, the City elected to participate in the Contributory Pension System for all service earned on or after July 1, 1998.

Under the terms of the Contributory Pension System, a member hired may retire with full benefits upon attaining age 60 or after completing 30 years of eligible service regardless of age. A member may retire with reduced benefits prior to attaining age 60 after completing 25 years of eligible service. A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing five years of eligible service, becomes eligible for a vested retirement allowance upon age 60.

Under the terms of the Contributory Pension System, a member hired before July 1, 2011 may retire after 30 years of service regardless of age; at age 65 with two years of service; at age 64 with three years of service; at age 63 with four years of service; or at age 62 with at least five years of service. An employee hired before July 1, 2011 may also take early retirement with reduced benefits at age 55 with 15 years of service. A member hired before July 1, 2011 terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing five years of eligible service, becomes eligible for a vested pension allowance upon reaching age 62. Members hired on or after July 1, 2011 may retire when their age and years of eligibility service totals 90 years or at age 65 with 10 years of eligibility service. Members hired on or after July 1, 2011 may retire with reduced benefits at age 60 with 15 years of eligibility service. A member hired benefits at age 60 with 15 years of eligibility service. A members hired on or after July 1, 2011 may retire with reduced benefits at age 60 with 15 years of eligibility service. A member hired on or after July 1, 2011 terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing 10 years of eligible service becomes eligible for a vested pension allowance upon reaching age 65.

On retirement from service, a member of any of these plans shall receive an annual service retirement allowance based on the member's average final compensation and years of creditable service multiplied by a factor. This factor varies from 1.2% to 2.0% per eligible service year, depending on employee/employer contributions and other plan-specific provisions. Early retirement, where available, is subject to provisions that reduce the benefit received.

Benefits under the two plans are established under the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland.

The State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland issues a comprehensive annual financial report that includes disclosures regarding: plan assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position. The pension plans' fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the pension plans. The pension plans' financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that apply to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Plan. Investments are reported at fair value. Actual employer contributions billed to participating governmental units for the year ended June 30, 2020 are used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share of the collective pension amounts reported in the Schedule of Employer Allocations. No adjustment was made for contributions between actuarially determined contributions and actual contribution by the State of Maryland. This report can be obtained from the Agency's office as follows:

State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland 120 E. Baltimore Street, Suite 1601 Baltimore, Maryland 21202-1600

Funding Policy

Obligations to contribute to the plans are under the Annotated Code of Maryland. Members of the three plans contribute a percentage of their gross employee compensation. For the Retirement System and Contributory Pension System, members contribute 7%, 5% or 2%. Contribution rate to the Contributory Pension System was 5% for fiscal year 2011 and will be 7% for each fiscal year thereafter.

Required contributions under the plans are not funded by employee contributions but are funded entirely by the City. Contributions by the City to all three State plans take place during the fiscal year and are based upon salaries for the preceding fiscal year. The City contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 are based on salaries for the year ended June 30, 2020. The contribution requirements of plan members of the reporting entity are established and may be amended by the Maryland State Pension System Board of Trustees, and contributions by the City are authorized by the City Council. The required and actual contributions for the fiscal years ended June 30th were as follows:

	Fiscal year ended June 30					
	2021		2020		2019	
Retirement plan contributions	\$	804,011	\$	695,059	\$	634,587

The City contributed \$804,011 to the System for fiscal year 2021 which was actuarially determined based on statutory provisions. The City has also recognized in Pension Expense its proportionate share of the System's deferred inflows of resources (an increase in Pension Expense) attributable to the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan assets, the difference between actual and expected experience, change in assumptions and change in proportionate share. The City has recognized in Pension Expense its proportionate share of the System's deferred outflows of resources (a decrease in Pension Expense) attributable to changes in assumptions, net difference in projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan assets and change in proportionate share.

Actuarial assumptions

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the actuarial valuation on July 1, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The key assumptions used to perform the June 30, 2021 pension liability calculation for the System are as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Asset valuation method Inflation (b) Salary Increases Discount Rate (a)	5-year smoothed market 2.60% general, 3.10% wage 3.10% to 11.60%, including inflation 7.40%
Investment Rate of Return (b) Retirement Age	7.40% Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2018 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2018.
Mortality (Public Sector 2010 Mortality Tables calibrated to MSRPS experience with generational projections using MP-2018 (2- dimensional) mortality improvement scale. a) Discount rate at prior measurement date was 7.40%.
(b) There were no benefit changes during the year. Adjustments to the roll-forward liabilities were made to reflect the following assumption changes in the 2020 valuation: a. Inflation assumption changed from 2.65% to 2.60%.

The components of the net pension liability for the System as of June 30, 2021, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, are shown in the following table:

Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 77,187,397,000 54,586,037,000
Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,601,360,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.72%

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Pension System's Board after considering input from the investment consultant(s) and actuary(s).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

For each major asset class that is included in the Pension System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
	raiger alleeation	
Public Equity	37%	5.20%
Private Equity	13%	6.50%
Rate Sensitive	19%	-0.30%
Credit Opportunity	9%	2.80%
Real Assets	14%	4.30%
Absolute Return	8%	1.80%
	100%	

The above was the Pension System's Board of Trustees' adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021.

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 7.40% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.40%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the System's net pension liability and the City's proportionate share of the System's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.40%, a single discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (i.e., 6.40%), and a single discount rate that is 1 percentage point higher (i.e., 8.40%).

	1% Decrease - 6.40%	Current Rate - 7.40%	1% Increase - 8.40%
The System's Net Pension			
Liability	\$ 32,176,695,000	\$ 22,601,360,000	\$ 14,626,005,000
The City's Proportionate			
Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,431,009	\$ 7,326,879	\$ 4,741,444

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$7,326,879 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental units, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the City's proportion was approximately 0.0324%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$444,714. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defer	Deferred Outflows		erred Inflows
Change in assumptions	\$	33,317	\$	136,417
Difference between actual and expected experience		-		279,909
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		546,298		-
Change in proportionate share		507,465		102,709
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		804,011		
Total	\$	1,891,091	\$	519,035

The deferred outflow of resources of \$804,011 relating to contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 will be recognized as a reduction of the City's net pension liability during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The deferred outflows and inflows of resources due to changes in assumptions, differences between actual and expected experience, change in proportion, and differences between projected and actual investment earnings represent the City's proportionate share of the unamortized portions of the System's original amounts. The deferred inflows and outflows related to non-investment activity for 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are being amortized over the remaining service lives ranging from 5 to 5.505 years. The net difference in investment earnings for 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are being amortized amounts will be ratably recognized in pension expense over these services' lives and closed five-year period.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

The following table shows the aggregate amortization of these deferred outflows and inflows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Net
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 64,636 140,623 219,708 133,615 9,463
Total	\$ 568,045

Net pension liability

The components of the City's proportionate share of the Pension System's net pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 25,022,533 17,695,654
Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,326,879
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.72%

City of Takoma Park Police Employees' Retirement Plan

General

The Police Retirement Plan is a single-employer contributory defined benefit pension plan established by City ordinance ("Title 4 of the City's Municipal Code"). The plan is governed by the City of Takoma Park Retirement Plan Committee which is responsible for the management of plan assets. The plan committee consists of seven members including the City Manager, Finance Director, Chief of Police, Police Supervisor, or their designees, a representative of Local 400 of the United Food and Commercial Workers and two residents appointed by the City Council. The City has delegated the authority to manage plan assets to PNC Institutional Investments. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan rests with the City.

The City does not issue a separate audited annual financial report for the Retirement Plan.

Basis of Accounting

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and plan member contributions are recognized in the period that contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated values.

The annual money-weighted rate of return was 3.1% for the year ended June 30, 2021. The moneyweighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Plan Membership

As of July 1, 2021, the pension plan's membership consisted of:

Active plan members	42
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	27
Inactive plan members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	14
Total	83

Contribution information and funding policy

The Plan covers sworn police officers who are employed on a regular full-time basis. Provisions of the Plan include retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided annually as prescribed by the City Code. The City contributes 2% of average compensation for each year of service, this amount is increased by 2% of average compensation for each year of service attributable to unused sick leave (limited to 2 years) towards the Plan. Total service period is limited to 30 years.

Title 4 of the City Code establishes contribution rates to the Plan. Contributions to the Plan made by the City are based on an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially required contribution and the amount paid into the Plan by the City for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$1,373,752. The police officers contribute to the Plan based on 7% of salaries. Members' actual contributions were \$230,106 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

The annual pension cost for 2021, 2020 and 2019 was \$1,373,752, \$1,385,917, and \$1,238,480, respectively. The contributions made as a percentage of the annual pension cost for 2021, 2020, and 2019 were 100%, 100% and 100%, respectively. The net pension benefit is the cumulative difference between the annual required contribution ("ARC") adjusted for interest and contributions made. The net pension assets for 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$24,102,065, \$18,384,283, and \$17,150,535, respectively.

Investment policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by Title 4 of the City Code and may be amended by the City. The plan's investment policy is to construct a diversified portfolio of several different asset classes that will potentially lower total risk (as measured by volatility of returns) and increase total expected return. Key considerations in the implementation of the plan's investment policy include, but are not limited to, the financial condition of the plan, the expected long-term outlook for capital markets, the plan's risk tolerance, future growth of plan participants and the liquidity requirements of the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

The plan's target asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return was the following as of June 30, 2021.

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Domestic Equity	50%	5.20%
International Equity	10%	6.00%
Fixed Income	35%	1.30%
Cash	5%	0.50%
Inflation	0%	2.30%
	100%	

The amortization period for the year ended June 30, 2021 was closed.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (3%). The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized above.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made equal to the actuarially determined contribution. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.
Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

The key assumptions used to perform the June 30, 2021 pension liability calculation for police are as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	Projected Unit Credit Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining amortization period	22 years (closed)
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation (b)	3.0%
Salary Increases	5.5%, including inflation
Discount Rate (a)	7.25%
Investment Rate of Return (b)	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Retirement Age	Rates vary by participant and service.
Mortality	RP-2014 Healthy Blue Collar Tables with fully generational
	projection using scale MP-2015
(a) There were no benefit changes during the year.
•) Investment return and inflation assumptions did not change from

last year.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using a discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease - 6.25%	Cı	urrent Rate - 7.25%	19	% Increase - 8.25%
City's net pension liability	\$	7,347,625	\$	3,433,845	\$	246,670

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Following is the schedule of changes in the City's Net Pension Liability (dollar amounts in thousands):

	 2021
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 986 1,911 - (1,228) - (969)
Net change in total pension liability	700
Total pension liability - beginning	 26,836
Total pension liability - end	\$ 27,536
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employees Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$ 1,373 230 5,165 (969) (82) -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	5,717
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 18,385
Plan fiduciary net position - end	\$ 24,102
Net pension liability	\$ 3,434

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$3,433,845 of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension benefit of \$1,497,528. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police pension from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Def	erred Inflows
Change in assumptions	\$	172,933	\$	-
Difference between actual and expected experience		-		2,358,338
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_		2,567,607
Total	\$	172,933	\$	4,925,945

The following table shows the aggregate amortization of these deferred outflows and inflows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30	 Net
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (1,356,581) (1,469,695) (1,164,415) (762,321)
Total	\$ (4,753,012)

Net pension liability

The components of the police employees' retirement plan's net pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 27,535,910 24,102,065
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,433,845
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	87.53%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

The following is the City's aggregate pension-related assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, and pension expense associated with the net pension liability:

		Maryland State Pension System	Er	Police nployees' Plan		Total
Total pension liability Total fiduciary net position	\$ \$	77,187,397,000 54,586,037,000	\$ \$	27,535,910 24,102,065	\$ \$	77,214,932,910 54,610,139,065
City's proportionate share of total pension liabilities	\$	7,326,879	\$	3,433,845	\$	10,760,724
Total pension assets Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$ \$	54,586,037,000 1,891,091	\$ \$	24,102,065 172,933	\$ \$	54,610,139,065 2,064,024
Deferred inflows related to pensions Pension expense/expenditures/(benefits) for the period	\$ \$	519,035 444,714	\$ \$	4,925,945 (1,497,528)	\$ \$	5,444,980 (1,052,814)
City's proportionate share of net pension liability Plan fiduciary net position as precentage of total pension liability		0.03242% 70.72%		100% 87.53%		
Measurement date of collective net pension liability Date of actuarial valuation		June 30, 2020 June 30, 2020		June 30, 2021 June 30, 2021		

457 Deferred Compensation Plan

All employees of the City Government may participate in the deferred compensation plan organized under the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, and administered by the International City Management Association Retirement Corporation ("ICMA-RC"). Under the terms of the plan, participating employees may have a portion of their salaries withheld, subject to limitations imposed by the Internal Revenue Service, and invested in the plan. All income taxes are deferred on these contributions and related earnings until the participant terminates from the plan. The City is in compliance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457(g) requiring all assets and income of the plan to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Management's involvement with the plan is limited to transferring amounts withheld from payroll to the Plan Administrator. Management has little administrative involvement with the plan and does not perform the investing function for the plan. Accordingly, the fair values of the plan assets are not reflected in the City's financial statements.

Defined contribution

The City of Takoma Park Governmental Money Purchase Plan & Trust is a defined contribution pension plan established to provide benefits to certain employees. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan and may make voluntary contributions. Employees are fully vested after five years. However, if an employee is terminated prior to the completion of five years, that employee will be immediately vested. The City is not required to contribute to the plan.

At June 30, 2021, there were five inactive participants. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. The amount of pension expense recognized by the City for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$0. The City's liability was \$0 as of June 30, 2021. The plan administrator is ICMA-RC.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Condensed financial information

	 Pension Trust	Defined ontribution Plan	 Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total investments	\$ 992,384 23,109,681	\$ - 591,282	\$ 992,384 23,700,963
Total assets	 24,102,065	 591,282	 24,693,347
Deferred outflows of resources	 -	 	 -
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 24,102,065	\$ 591,282	\$ 24,693,347
Net position - held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 24,102,065	\$ 591,282	\$ 24,693,347
Additions Total contributions Net investment earnings	\$ 1,603,858 5,164,524	\$ - 131,570	\$ 1,603,858 5,296,094
Total additions	6,768,382	131,570	6,899,952
Deductions Total deductions	 1,050,599	 	 1,050,599
Change in net position	5,717,783	131,570	5,849,353
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, beginning of year	 18,384,282	 459,712	 18,843,994
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, end of year	\$ 24,102,065	\$ 591,282	\$ 24,693,347

Note 14 - Risks and uncertainties

The Police Employees' Retirement Plan and the Defined Contribution Plan invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near-term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of net position available for benefits.

Note 15 - Commitments, contingent liabilities and uncertainties

The City participates in certain federally-assisted grant programs, principally Community Development Block Grants. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial, which has been the case in previous program audits.

The City is subject to various legal proceedings. In the opinion of the City Attorneys, the potential liability arising from claims against the City not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

In December 2019 and early 2020, the coronavirus that causes COVID-19 was reported to have surfaced from China. The spread of the virus globally has caused business disruption throughout the United States, including in the City. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of this disruption. Therefore, while the City expects this matter to negatively impact the City's financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows, the extent of the financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Note 16 - Post retirement benefits

The City does not provide and has no liability for post-retirement benefits at June 30, 2021.

Note 17 - Risk management

The City's risk financing techniques include participation in a public entity pool and the purchase of commercial insurance.

For property, general, excess and environmental liability coverage, the City is a member of the Maryland Local Government Insurance Trust ("LGIT"). This trust is a public entity risk pool which is owned and directed by the local governments that subscribe to its coverages and operates under the terms of a Trust Agreement.

The City pays LGIT an annual premium. Claims are processed and recoveries and administrative costs are paid by LGIT. Similar to a commercial insurance carrier, recoveries are subject to deductibles and to annual aggregate/per occurrence dollar limits. No insurance settlement has exceeded the coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City is fully insured for worker's compensation through the Chesapeake Employers' Insurance Company. Employees are bonded through commercial insurance carriers to limit the loss to the City in the event of employees committing acts of embezzlement or theft.

Note 18 - New accounting pronouncements

GASB issued several pronouncements prior to the year ended June 30, 2021 that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements of the City:

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, will be effective for the City beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. This Statement removes the traditional classifications of leases as operating or capital and recognizes all leases as financing tools, resulting in reporting of lease transactions as both a liability and an intangible right to use the leased asset. This Statement defines lease transactions and establishes the new accounting and financial reporting requirements.

GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022. This Statement removes the requirement to capitalize interest during construction.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2023. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issues and eliminates diversity in practice.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus*, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2023. This Statement removes the LIBOR rate as a benchmark interest rate.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2023. This Statement will require reporting of assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and disclose important information about PPP transactions.

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2023. This Statement requires reporting of a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose the arrangement.

GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensations Plans*, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022. This Statement provides more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans.

GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, *Leases*, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022. This Implementation Guide provides more clarification and elaboration on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

Note 19 - Subsequent events

Events that occur after the statement of net position date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition and disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the statement of net position date are recognized in the accompanying basic financial statements. The effects of the subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed after the statement of net position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the City through October 28, 2021 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

This page intentionally left blank.

Required Supplementary Information

Police Employees' Retirement Plan -Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	 2021 2020 2019		 2018	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	2013		2012				
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$ 986 1,911	\$	858 1,866	\$	864 1,862	\$ 839 1,690	\$	809 1,616	\$ 790 1,543	\$ 543 1,547	\$ 796 1,438	Information fo	or vooro 201	and prior
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	(1,228) -		(1,194) -		(1,745) -	(115) 865		(645) 827	(562)	(1,372)	-	is not availab		and phot
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 (969)		(852)		(1,010)	 (811)		(857)	 (757)	 (785)	 (784)			
Net change in total pension liability	700		678		(29)	2,468		1,750	1,014	(67)	1,450			
Total pension liability - beginning	 26,836		26,158		26,187	 23,719		21,969	 20,955	 21,022	 19,572			
Total pension liability - end	\$ 27,536	\$	26,836	\$	26,158	\$ 26,187	\$	23,719	\$ 21,969	\$ 20,955	\$ 21,022			
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses	\$ 1,373 230 5,165 (969) (82)	\$	1,386 203 550 (852) (53)	\$	1,238 197 944 (1,010) (80)	\$ 1,325 197 1,222 (811) (65)	\$	1,190 189 1,452 (857) (58)	\$ 1,296 194 90 (757) (56)	\$ 1,102 178 441 (786) (60)	\$ 1,044 184 1,354 (784) (55)			
Other	 -		-		-	 -		-	 	 -	-			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	5,717		1,234		1,289	1,868		1,916	767	875	1,743			
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 18,385		17,151		15,862	 13,994		12,078	 11,311	 10,436	 8,693			
Plan fiduciary net position - end	\$ 24,102	\$	18,385	\$	17,151	\$ 15,862	\$	13,994	\$ 12,078	\$ 11,311	\$ 10,436			
Net pension liability	\$ 3,434	\$	8,451	\$	9,007	\$ 10,325	\$	9,725	\$ 9,891	\$ 9,644	\$ 10,586			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	87.53%		68.51%		65.57%	60.57%		59.00%	54.98%	53.98%	49.64%			
Covered payroll	\$ 3,279	\$	3,014	\$	3,025	\$ 2,889	\$	2,777	\$ 2,843	\$ 2,570	\$ 2,850			
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	104.73%		280.39%	-	297.75%	357.39%	-	350.20%	347.91%	375.25%	 371.44%			

The above schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement for specific information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is only presented for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

Police Employees' Retirement Plan -Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018		2017		2016		 2015	 2014	2013		2012	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,386	\$ 1,238	\$	1,325	\$	1,190	\$	1,296	\$ 1,102	\$ 1,045	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually determined contribution	 1,373	 1,386	 1,238		1,325		1,190		1,296	 1,102	 1,045		-		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,279	\$ 3,014	\$ 3,025	\$	2,889	\$	2,777	\$	2,843	\$ 2,570	\$ 2,850				
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	41.9%	46.0%	40.9%		45.9%		42.9%		45.6%	42.9%	36.7%				

Note 1 - Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial	Measurement Date
Assumptions	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining amortization period	22 years (closed)
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	5.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Retirement age	Rates vary by participant age and service
	RP-2014 Healthy Blue Collar Tables with fully generational
Mortality	projections using scale MP-2015

Note: No changes in assumptions or benefit terms have occurred since fiscal year 2018.

Schedule of Required Pension-Related Supplementary Information -Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

		FY 2021		FY 2020		FY 2019		FY 2018		FY 2017		FY 2016		FY 2015	
City's proportion (%) of collective net pension liability City's proportionate share (\$) of collective net pension liability City's covered payroll (\$) City's proportionate share of collective net pension liability as a	\$ \$	0.032% 7,326,879 6,658,025	\$ \$	0.031% 6,373,874 6,034,937	\$ \$	0.030% 6,366,145 6,041,794	\$ \$	0.028% 5,957,703 6,419,079	\$ \$	0.029% 6,866,508 6,209,902	\$ \$	0.028% 5,881,653 7,363,222	\$ \$	0.024% 4,338,175 6,083,944	
percentage of its covered payroll Pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		110.05%		105.62%		105.37%		92.81%		110.57%		79.88%		71.31%	
pension liability		70.72%		72.34%		71.18%		69.38%		65.79%		68.78%		71.87%	

The above schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement for specified information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is only presented for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Required Pension-Related Supplementary Information -Schedule of the City's Pension Plan Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	2
Contractually required contribution	\$	804,011	\$ 695,059	\$ 634,587	\$ 605,034	\$ 560,772	\$ 566,946	\$ 596,532	\$ 571,845	\$ -	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually determined contribution	±	804,011	 695,059	 634,587	 605,034	 560,772	 566,946	 596,532	 571,845	 		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	6,658,025	\$ 6,034,937	\$ 6,041,794	\$ 6,419,079	\$ 6,209,902	\$ 7,617,864	\$ 7,363,222	\$ 6,083,944			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.1%	11.5%	10.5%	9.4%	9.0%	7.4%	8.1%	9.4%			

The above schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement for specific information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is only presented for those years for which information is available. Note 1 - Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial	Measurement Date
Assumptions	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.60% general, 3.10% wage
Salary increases	3.10% to 11.60%, including inflation
Discount rate	7.40%
Investment rate of return	7.40%
	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to
	the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the
	2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of
Retirement age	the period 2014-2018.
	Public Sector 2010 Mortality Tables calibrated to
	MSRPS experience with generational projections
	using MP-2018, (2-dimensional) mortality
Mortality	improvement scale.

Note - 2 Changes in assumptions

	Change from Fiscal Year	Change from Fiscal Year	Change from Fiscal Year
	2017 to 2018	2018 to 2019	2019 to 2020
General inflation	2.65% to 2.60%	2.60% to 2.65%	2.65% to 2.60%
Wage inflation	3.15% to 3.10%	No change	3.15% to 3.10%
Investment return	7.50% to 7.45%	7.45% to 7.40%	No change
Salary increases	3.15% to 9.15% to 3.20% to 9.10%	3.20% to 9.10% to 3.10% to 11.60%	No change

Supplementary Information

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property			* 40 505 070	¢ (00.005)
Real property Business or other property	\$ 13,548,565 542,000	\$ 13,548,565 542,000	\$ 13,525,670 305,873	\$ (22,895) (236,127)
Penalty and interest	46,000	46,000	51,312	(230,127) 5,312
Additions and abatements	(18,500)	(18,500)	(6,664)	11,836
	(10,000)	(10,000)	(0,001)	,
Total property	14,118,065	14,118,065	13,876,191	(241,874)
Local taxes				
Admission and amusement	69,300	69,300	22,984	(46,316)
	69,300	69,300	22,984	(46,316)
Shared taxes	453,379	453,379	497,613	44,234
Highway Income tax	453,379 3,585,000	453,379 3,585,000	3,923,515	44,234 338,515
	3,303,000	3,303,000	0,020,010	550,515
Total shared taxes	4,038,379	4,038,379	4,421,128	382,749
Total taxes	18,225,744	18,225,744	18,320,303	94,559
Licenses and permits	83,604	83,604	88,799	5,195
Fines and forfeitures	210,000	210,000	170,636	(39,364)
Use of money and property				
Interest and dividends	283,900	57,900	25,274	(32,626)
Charges for services				
Public parking	61,500	61,500	40,124	(21,376)
Protective inspection fees	321,000	321,000	311,300	(9,700)
Waste collection and disposal	48,000	48,000	56,014	8,014
Passport	50,000	50,000 18,566	595 15 216	(49,405)
Recreation Library fines and fees	333,610 15,000	15,000	15,216 478	(3,350) (14,522)
Other	44,300	44,300	37,496	(6,804)
-	,	,	,	(-,-•••)
Total charges for services	873,410	558,366	461,223	(97,143)

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Revenues (Continued)	ŭ			
Intergovernmental revenues				
Police protection	\$ 445,000	\$ 445,000	\$ 425,637	\$ (19,363)
In Lieu of Police	2,714,740	2,615,740	2,515,147	(100,593)
In Lieu of County Services	998,496	998,496	998,496	-
Police rebate	1,126,000	1,126,000	1,187,769	61,769
Bank share tax	5,643	5,643	5,643	-
Library Aid	185,973	185,973	166,626	(19,347)
Montgomery County Tax (Cable and Hotel)	677,000	677,000	667,183	(9,817)
Takoma/Langley Recreation Center	85,020	85,020	85,020	-
State Highway street project		-	314,652	314,652
Total intergovernmental revenues	6,237,872	6,138,872	6,366,173	227,301
Miscellaneous revenue - other	79,675	359,175	61,325	(297,850)
Total revenues	25,994,205	25,633,661	25,493,733	(139,928)
Expenditures				
General government				
City Council	243,928	263,329	230,456	32,873
City Manager	1,479,725	1,479,725	1,446,369	33,356
Finance	739,363	714,406	632,373	82,033
Legal	236,200	361,200	406,618	(45,418)
Information Systems Administration	806,600	775,382	724,431	50,951
Other - unclassified	2,222,971	2,511,975	1,842,340	669,635
Total general government	5,728,787	6,106,017	5,282,587	823,430
Public safety				
Office of the Chief	1,067,325	1,054,716	995,516	59,200
Communications	617,623	609,348	539,637	69,711
Patrol	4,051,705	4,051,705	3,890,728	160,977
Criminal investigations	1,719,860	1,764,540	1,674,564	89,976
Administration	832,187	833,605	787,605	46,000
Neighborhood	577,109	569,378	519,856	49,522
Total public safety	8,865,809	8,883,292	8,407,906	475,386
Public works				
Administration	459,128	407,999	331,623	76,376
Building Maintenance	1,002,377	1,002,377	868,900	133,477
Equipment Maintenance	514,054	514,054	509,092	4,962
Right of Way	962,310	935,094	839,875	95,219
Solid Waste Management	1,210,047	1,195,524	1,307,926	(112,402)
Urban forest/ City Gardens	583,174	701,562	649,799	51,763
City engineer	287,918	287,918	168,763	119,155
Sustainability and Other	377,339	377,339	-	377,339
Total public works	5,396,347	5,421,867	4,675,978	745,889

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Orig		Final budget	Actual	/ariance positive negative)
Expenditures (Continued) Housing and Community Development	\$ 1,8	331,844	\$ 1,904,483	\$ 1,573,904	\$ 330,579
Recreation and culture Recreation Library and media		799,192 997,138	 1,740,150 1,975,708	 1,295,008 1,833,351	 445,142 142,357
Total recreation and culture	3,7	96,330	 3,715,858	 3,128,359	 587,499
Capital outlay	4,6	647,001	 7,337,705	 2,633,828	 4,703,877
Debt service Repayments		018,054	 743,005	 742,990	 15
Total debt service	<u> </u>	18,054	 743,005	 742,990	 15
Total expenditures	31,1	84,172	 34,112,227	 26,445,552	 7,666,675
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(5,1	89,967)	 (8,478,566)	 (951,819 <u>)</u>	 7,526,747
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,1	89,967)	 (8,478,566)	 (951,819)	 7,526,747
Appropriation of fund balance	5,1	89,967	 8,478,566	 -	 (8,478,566)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	\$	-	\$ 	\$ (951,819)	\$ (951,819)

Stormwater Management Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Original budget	 Final budget	 Actual	fin	iance with al budget positive legative)
Revenues					
Licenses and permits Charges for services	\$ 2,900 594,000	\$ 2,900 594,000	\$ - 593.297	\$	(2,900) (703)
Miscellaneous	 1,400	 1,400	 4,851		3,451
Total revenues	 598,300	 598,300	 598,148		(152)
Expenditures					
Public works	463,696	626,696	392,447		234,249
Capital outlay	 250,000	 304,000	 5,997		298,003
Total expenditures	 713,696	 930,696	 398,444		532,252
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing					
sources (uses)	 (115,396)	 (332,396)	 199,704		532,100
Net change in fund balance	(115,396)	(332,396)	199,704		532,100
Fund balance, beginning of year	 393,893	 393,893	 393,893		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 278,497	\$ 61,497	\$ 593,597	\$	532,100

Non-Major Governmental Funds -Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	 ormwater nagement Fund	Co	Facility nstruction Fund	nabilitation	Total nonmajor vernmental funds
Assets Cash and temporary investments Notes receivable, net Other receivables Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 439,519 - 21,099 164,249 2,350	\$	- - 207,226 -	\$ 212,553 5,273 - - - -	\$ 652,072 5,273 21,099 371,475 2,350
Total assets	 627,217		207,226	 217,826	 1,052,269
Deferred outflows of resources	 -		-		 -
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 627,217	\$	207,226	\$ 217,826	\$ 1,052,269
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenditures Deposits and escrows held Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 382 2,488 12,391 - -	\$	- - - 207,226 -	\$ - - 2,138 208,869	\$ 382 2,488 12,391 209,364 208,869
Total liabilities	 15,261		207,226	 211,007	 433,494
Deferred inflows of resources	 18,359		-	 -	 18,359
Fund balances Restricted Assigned	 - 593,597		-	 6,819 -	 6,819 593,597
Total fund balances	593,597		-	6,819	600,416
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 627,217	\$	207,226	\$ 217,826	\$ 1,052,269

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Stormwater Management Fund		Facility Construction Fund			abilitation and grants	Total nonmajor governmental funds		
Revenues									
Charges for service	\$	593,297	\$	-	\$	-	\$	593,297	
Miscellaneous		4,851		-				4,851	
Total revenues		598,148		-				598,148	
Expenditures									
General government		-		-		192		192	
Public works		392,447		-		-		392,447	
Capital outlay		5,997		-		-		5,997	
Total expenditures		398,444		-		192		398,636	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other									
financing sources (uses)		199,704		-	1	(192)		199,512	
Net change in fund balances		199,704		-		(192)		199,512	
Fund balances, beginning of year		393,893		-		7,011		400,904	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	593,597	\$	-	\$	6,819	\$	600,416	

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for 2020)

			То	otals		
	Pension trust	Defined ntribution plan	 2021		2020	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value	\$ 992,384	\$ -	\$ 992,384	\$	827,832	
Equities	16,098,187	591,282	16,689,469		11,637,122	
Fixed income	7,011,494	-	7,011,494		6,379,040	
	, ,	 	, ,		· · ·	
Total investments	 23,109,681	 591,282	 23,700,963		18,016,162	
Total assets	24,102,065	591,282	24,693,347		18,843,994	
Liabilities	-	-	-		-	
Deferred inflows of resources	 	 	 -		-	
Net position Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 24,102,065	\$ 591,282	\$ 24,693,347	\$	18,843,994	

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for 2020)

				 То	tals	
	Pension trust	-	Defined ntribution plan	2021		2020
Additions						
Employer contributions Plan member contributions	\$ 1,373,752 230,106	\$	-	\$ 1,373,752 230,106	\$	1,386,417 202,612
Total contributions and						
other receipts	 1,603,858		-	 1,603,858		1,589,029
Investment earnings	5,164,524		131,570	 5,296,094		571,064
Total additions	6,768,382		131,570	 6,899,952		2,160,093
Deductions						
Benefit and refunds paid	1,025,090		-	1,025,090		851,935
Administrative expenses	 25,509		-	 25,509		53,395
Total deductions	 1,050,599		-	1,050,599		905,330
Change in net position	5,717,783		131,570	5,849,353		1,254,763
Net position held in trust for pension						
benefits, beginning of year	18,384,282		459,712	 18,843,994		17,589,231
Net position held in trust for pension						
benefits, end of year	\$ 24,102,065	\$	591,282	\$ 24,693,347	\$	18,843,994

This page intentionally left blank.

Statistical Section

This page intentionally left blank.

STATISTICAL SECTION CONTENTS

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's economic condition.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant own-source revenues.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2021	2019	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 33,599,748 11,997,829 (1,643,080)	\$ 32,343,257 13,705,779 (3,800,802)	\$ 27,157,643 13,237,506 (3,614,231)	\$ 22,940,623 14,127,558 (4,070,092)	\$ 29,902,496 9,535,980 (8,998,932)	\$ 28,874,101 8,763,254 (8,210,210)	\$ 27,635,709 8,579,827 (8,702,786)	\$ 26,176,611 7,985,381 6,118,342	\$ 25,892,877 6,485,552 5,711,016	\$ 24,247,163 5,757,899 4,681,714
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET POSITION	\$ 43,954,497	\$ 42,248,234	\$ 36,780,918	\$ 32,998,089	\$ 30,439,544	\$ 29,427,145	\$ 27,512,750	\$ 40,280,334	\$ 38,089,445	\$ 34,686,776

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
EXPENSES										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 5.835.772	\$ 4.682.369	\$ 4.931.594	\$ 4.561.913	\$ 4,775,439	\$ 4,724,481	\$ 5.029.595	\$ 4.280.357	\$ 3.655.803	\$ 3.528.633
Public safety	8,162,933	9,261,998	8,369,157	8,389,476	9,840,299	9,301,092	8,116,371	8,245,260	7,628,389	7,637,072
Public works	6,619,329	6,774,672	6,721,099	6,196,806	6,144,871	6,170,250	5,943,464	5,532,265	5,332,321	5,107,165
Housing and community development	1,883,620	1,788,399	1,430,386	1,695,425	1,415,654	1,738,712	1,879,728	1,767,181	1,552,964	1,470,360
Recreation and culture	3,248,266	3,907,157	4,055,202	3,734,135	3,797,152	3,510,058	3,316,168	3,088,130	2,736,596	2,613,109
Interest	298,353	314,634	329,649	397,077	61,417	56,421	100,902	123,274	121,537	250,453
Total primary government expenses	26,048,273	26,729,229	25,837,087	24,974,832	26,034,832	25,501,014	24,386,228	23,036,467	21,027,610	20,606,792
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	34,637	66,857	105,965	119,548	106,638	131,619	114,502	111,293	101,876	98,727
Public safety	1,036,283	1,152,010	1,292,509	1,593,374	1,943,492	2,165,333	2,207,710	2,094,462	1,709,357	2,335,397
Public works	726,795	819,938	829,347	831,315	546,761	539,786	554,600	535,722	555,926	507,571
Housing and community development	335,342	344,382	343,672	364,385	364,215	345,105	354,256	352,886	335,542	338,930
Recreation and culture	15,694	435,028	631,322	582,329	582,232	521,506	557,605	556,741	531,159	524,168
Operating grants and contributions	6,239,066	9,556,806	6,988,573	5,990,358	5,410,987	5,451,171	5,510,341	5,386,820	5,249,350	4,243,995
Capital grants and contributions	188,335	223,874	308,675	231,324	568,579	1,045,237	1,215,053	1,019,166	979,304	774,395
Total primary government program revenues	8,576,152	12,598,895	10,500,063	9,712,633	9,522,904	10,199,757	10,514,067	10,057,090	9,462,514	8,823,183
Total primary government net expense	(17,472,121)	(14,130,334)	(15,337,024)	(15,262,199)	(16,511,928)	(15,301,257)	(13,872,161)	(12,979,377)	(11,565,096)	(11,783,609)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER										
CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	13,877,603	13,600,777	13,454,906	12,621,930	12,700,750	12,321,307	11,564,561	11,514,020	12,134,376	11,668,702
Intergovernmental / unrestricted	5,173,570	5,399,612	5,064,507	4,906,878	4,648,723	4,595,582	4,140,563	3,561,666	2,791,760	3,003,680
Unrestricted investment earnings	26,152	216,147	361,755	100,962	37,163	58,265	30,901	27,012	27,248	48,663
Miscellaneous and other	101,059	381,114	238,685	190,974	137,691	240,498	167,602	67,568	14,381	113,509
Total primary government	19,178,384	19,597,650	19,119,853	17,820,744	17,524,327	17,215,652	15,903,627	15,170,266	14,967,765	14,834,554
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 1,706,263	\$ 5,467,316	\$ 3,782,829	\$ 2,558,545	\$ 1,012,399	\$ 1,914,395	\$ 2,031,466	\$ 2,190,889	\$ 3,402,669	\$ 3,050,945

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$ 242 6,632,730 5,669,561 - 7,109,661	\$ 16,112 8,066,081 5,976,863 - 6,304,957	\$ 6,506 97,497 13,703,875 - 6,934,380	\$ 8,271 97,031 14,799,417 - 7,165,390	\$ 12,093 96,567 5,284,974 - 7,704,043	\$ 7,831 96,369 4,896,053 2,324,965 4,926,643	\$ 562,529 225,496 4,871,320 1,269,153 4,336,807	\$ 70,855 225,383 4,554,709 1,138,984 5,234,114	\$ 581,896 225,248 3,764,492 1,193,243 5,434,260	\$ 464,978 224,978 2,860,071 - 5,533,428
Total general fund	\$ 19,412,194	\$ 20,364,013	\$ 20,742,258	\$ 22,070,109	\$ 13,097,677	\$ 12,251,861	\$ 11,265,305	\$ 11,224,045	\$ 11,199,139	\$ 9,083,455
Total all other governmental funds Restricted Committed Assigned	\$ 4,177,785 - 593,597	\$ 4,041,020 - 393,893	\$ 3,975,472 - 281,858	\$ 3,895,915 - 198,759	\$ 4,154,439 - 191,032	\$ 3,770,831 - 173,128	\$ 3,483,011 - 252,718	\$ 3,205,289 - 286,956	\$ 2,495,812 - 270,757	\$ 2,672,850 - 282,846
Total	\$ 4,771,382	\$ 4,434,913	\$ 4,257,330	\$ 4,094,674	\$ 4,345,471	\$ 3,943,959	\$ 3,735,729	\$ 3,492,245	\$ 2,766,569	\$ 2,955,696

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Charges for services Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 18,320,303 88,799 987,837 26,152 1,054,520 7,127,078 74,015	\$ 17,834,679 66,943 1,060,803 381,114 1,685,157 10,531,324 177,661	\$ 17,485,511 84,908 1,187,717 361,755 1,936,320 8,239,890 241,079	\$ 16,511,118 107,513 1,481,042 100,962 1,903,705 7,040,613 202,638	\$ 16,357,516 69,718 1,835,972 37,163 1,615,920 6,854,087 164,720	\$ 16,142,419 87,314 2,044,381 58,265 1,558,432 7,043,704 257,721	\$ 14,768,703 76,103 2,058,764 30,901 1,587,077 7,559,287 192,746	\$ 14,582,031 81,746 1,955,306 27,012 1,560,001 6,907,022 59,856	\$ 14,650,731 79,372 1,626,267 27,248 1,508,982 6,645,981 90,293	\$ 14,404,183 81,235 2,269,843 48,663 1,452,179 5,435,902 152,662
Total revenues	27,678,704	31,737,681	29,537,180	27,347,591	26,935,096	27,192,236	26,273,581	25,172,974	24,628,874	23,844,667
EXPENDITURES Current: General government	5,282,779	4,167,507	4,531,904	4,453,722	4.240.069	4,243,776	3,883,556	3,781,298	3,265,503	3,209,319
Public safety Public works Housing/community development	9,204,769 5,068,425 1,596,613	9,235,293 5,319,573 1,699,664	8,943,010 5,507,997 1,958,426	8,799,645 5,188,251 1,450,871	8,674,426 4,984,405 1,339,781	8,393,299 4,976,535 1,720,577	7,949,776 4,610,949 1,851,865	7,677,677 4,609,589 1,637,193	7,319,009 4,085,967 1,531,295	7,366,853 3,879,854 1,455,351
Recreation and culture Capital outlay Debt service: Principal	3,128,359 3,270,119 442.000	3,615,942 6,983,961 599,000	3,734,326 5,106,843 587,700	3,532,092 3,344,386 529,500	3,431,228 2,657,961 298,000	3,270,987 3,097,242 1,795,202	3,104,779 4,175,302 273,000	2,940,692 3,402,414 263,500	2,602,741 2,363,371 1,412,893	2,444,878 3,534,937 1,901,052
Interest	300,990	317,403	332,369	452,948	61,898	107,224	111,948	110,029	121,537	242,355
Total expenditures	28,294,054	31,938,343	30,702,575	27,751,415	25,687,768	27,604,842	25,961,175	24,422,392	22,702,316	24,034,599
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(615,350)	(200,662)	(1,165,395)	(403,824)	1,247,328	(412,606)	312,406	750,582	1,926,558	(189,932)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond/loan proceeds Sale of property Transfers in (out)	- - -	- - -		9,125,459 - -	- - -	1,579,730 - -	- - -		- - -	
Total other financing sources				9,125,459		1,579,730				
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (615,350)	\$ (200,662)	\$ (1,165,395)	\$ 8,721,635	\$ 1,247,328	\$ 1,167,124	\$ 312,406	\$ 750,582	\$ 1,926,558	\$ (189,932)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	2.96%	4.02%	4.02%	4.02%	1.56%	7.60%	1.68%	1.71%	7.36%	11.44%

General Fund Tax Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	General Property Taxes	Utility and Personal Property	In	nalties and terest on elinquent Tax	dditions and atements	Am	nusement Tax	 Income Tax	н	lighway Tax	 Total
2021	\$ 13,525,670	\$ 305,873	\$	51,312	\$ (6,664)	\$	22,984	\$ 3,923,515	\$	497,613	\$ 18,320,303
2020	13,132,607	555,889		49,438	(14,361)		98,162	3,565,831		447,113	17,834,679
2019	12,621,746	687,794		46,162	(15,833)		138,280	3,611,927		395,435	17,485,511
2018	12,094,212	634,824		37,561	(46,782)		127,029	3,303,938		360,336	16,511,118
2017	11,998,604	632,384		122,844	(49,620)		136,238	3,171,194		345,872	16,357,516
2016	11,516,876	595,570		64,336	(8,713)		134,062	3,494,273		346,015	16,142,419
2015	11,016,039	545,109		48,066	(64,967)		122,970	2,797,878		303,608	14,768,703
2014	10,974,639	517,647		43,195	(43,186)		128,806	2,671,765		289,165	14,582,031
2013	11,496,734	570,360		70,971	(8,176)		48	2,437,127		83,667	14,650,731
2012	11,166,179	446,819		63,142	-		1,100	2,595,845		131,098	14,404,183

Source: City's financial records.

Real Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections and Credits	Percentage of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections and Credits	Total Tax Collections and Credits	Percentage of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2021	\$ 13,555,633	\$ 13,569,767	100.1%	\$ 81,176	\$ 13,650,943	100.7%
2020	13,165,119	13,081,806	99.4%	77,066	13,158,872	100.0%
2019	12,668,487	12,682,621	100.1%	48,979	12,731,600	100.5%
2018	12,052,868	12,015,267	99.7%	54,553	12,069,820	100.1%
2017	11,953,737	11,924,900	99.8%	44,667	11,969,567	100.1%
2016	11,532,103	11,435,607	99.2%	35,227	11,470,834	99.5%
2015	11,044,215	10,958,911	99.2%	54,987	11,013,898	99.7%
2014	10,937,327	10,877,172	99.5%	59,448	10,936,620	100.0%
2013	11,533,580	11,468,702	99.4%	55,922	11,524,624	99.9%
2012	11,218,982	11,165,805	99.5%	49,198	11,215,003	100.0%

Note (1): In Fiscal Years 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2021, the total property tax collection to date as a percentage of the annual levy exceeded 100 percent. The excess collections were due to prepayment and overpayment by a number of residents. The Penalty charges and interest were not included in total collections to date.

Source: City's Finance Department.

Table 6

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Real Pi	roper	ty	Public	Utilit	ies	Personal	Prop	perty	Тс	otal		Ratio of Total Assessed to Total	
Fiscal Year	 Assessed Value	Es	timated Actual Value ⁽¹⁾	 Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value ⁽²⁾	 Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value ⁽²⁾	 Assessed Value	Es	timated Actual Value	Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2021	\$ 2,511,606,886	\$	2,511,606,886	\$ 13,005,310	\$	13,005,310	\$ 16,715,050	\$	16,715,050	\$ 2,541,327,246	\$	2,541,327,246	1.0	0.539
2020	2,439,444,178		2,439,444,178	12,879,780		12,879,780	25,649,180		25,649,180	2,477,973,138		2,477,973,138	1.0	0.539
2019	2,394,346,438		2,394,346,438	15,422,530		15,422,530	36,153,670		36,153,670	2,445,922,638		2,445,922,638	1.0	0.529
2018	2,253,714,978		2,253,714,978	13,243,860		13,243,860	27,475,530		27,475,530	2,294,434,368		2,294,434,368	1.0	0.535
2017	2,106,385,370		2,106,385,370	12,564,150		12,564,150	30,853,530		30,853,530	2,149,803,050		2,149,803,050	1.0	0.568
2016	1,971,419,148		1,971,419,148	14,047,430		14,047,430	28,089,570		28,089,570	2,013,556,148		2,013,556,148	1.0	0.585
2015	1,937,581,662		1,937,581,662	13,042,570		13,042,570	23,553,430		23,553,430	1,974,177,662		1,974,177,662	1.0	0.570
2014	1,918,829,231		1,918,829,231	11,405,440		11,405,440	23,161,990		23,161,990	1,953,396,661		1,953,396,661	1.0	0.570
2013	1,988,548,200		1,988,548,200	10,976,190		10,976,190	22,166,730		22,166,730	2,021,691,120		2,021,691,120	1.0	0.580
2012	1,934,307,192		1,934,307,192	11,178,450		11,178,450	19,536,290		19,536,290	1,965,021,932		1,965,021,932	1.0	0.580

(1) Property owned by the City, other governments, churches and schools is exempt. No estimate of exempt property is included.

(2) Personal property and public utilities are assessed at 100% of estimated actual value.

Source: State of Maryland Department of Assessment and Taxation.

Table 7

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Per \$100 of Assessed Value)

			Ove	erlapping Tax Rates	(1)		
	Direct Tax Rate ⁽¹⁾			Maryland - National Capital Park and			Direct and
Fiscal Year	Takoma Park General	State of Maryland	Montgomery County	Planning Commission	Transit District	Recreation Areas	Overlapping Total
2021	0.5397	0.1120	0.7178	0.0740	0.0524	0.0261	1.5220
2020	0.5397	0.1120	0.6948	0.0786	0.0736	0.0260	1.5247
2019	0.5291	0.1120	0.7166	0.0740	0.0672	0.0261	1.5250
2018	0.5348	0.1120	0.7414	0.0719	0.0498	0.0254	1.5353
2017	0.5675	0.1120	0.7484	0.0736	0.0520	0.0230	1.5765
2016	0.5850	0.1120	0.7734	0.0728	0.0520	0.0230	1.6182
2015	0.5700	0.1120	0.7320	0.0740	0.0400	0.0230	1.5510
2014	0.5700	0.1120	0.7590	0.0720	0.0420	0.0200	1.5750
2013	0.5800	0.1120	0.7240	0.0720	0.0480	0.0210	1.5570
2012	0.5800	0.1120	0.7130	0.0650	0.0380	0.0180	1.5260

(1) In dollars per \$100 of assessed value.

Source: State of Maryland Department of Assessment and Taxation.

https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/Finance/Resources/Files/data/propertytaxrate/2021/realproperty.pdf

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fiscal year 2021 real property assessed value	\$ 2,530,093,068
Debt limit - 100% of assessed value	\$ 2,530,093,068
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit - legal debt margin	8,760,500
Legal debt margin	\$ 2,521,332,568

SECTION 823 - AUTHORIZATION TO BORROW MONEY

- (a) The Council of Takoma Park shall have the power to borrow money for any proper purpose and to evidence such borrowing by the issue and sale of its general obligation bonds, notes, or other certificates of indebtedness in the manner prescribed in Sections 31 to 37 inclusive, of Article 23A of the <u>Annotated Code of Maryland</u> (1998 edition, as amended), entitled "Municipal Corporations," sub-titled "Creation of Municipal Public Debt." Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the Council may authorize a private negotiated sale of bonds upon a finding by the Council that such private negotiated sale is in the best interests of the City of Takoma Park.
- (b) Any proposed new indebtedness that is greater than five percent (5%) of the revenue budgeted for that year shall be subject to a public hearing and the Council shall not take final action on the proposed indebtedness less than fourteen (14) days following the hearing.

SECTION 824 - PAYMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS

The power and obligation of the City to pay any and all bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness issued by it shall be unlimited and the City shall levy ad valorem taxes on all the taxable property in the City for payment of such bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness and interest thereon.

The faith and credit of the City is pledged for the payment of the principal and interest on all bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued under the authority of this Charter, whether or not such pledge is stated in the bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness, or in the ordinance authorizing their issuance.

Table 10

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Assessed Value	Bonded Debt ⁽³⁾	Capital Leases ⁽²⁾	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2021	17,629	\$ 2,530,093,068	\$ 8,760,500	-	0.34%	\$496.94
2020	16,715	2,461,251,909	9,202,500	-	0.37%	\$550.55
2019	16,715	2,418,294,183	9,801,500	-	0.41%	\$586.39
2018	16,715	2,269,258,527	10,389,000	-	0.46%	\$621.54
2017	16,715	2,120,994,549	1,918,500	-	0.11%	\$114.78
2016	16,715	1,980,892,500	2,216,500	-	0.11%	\$125.44
2015	16,715	1,937,581,662	2,343,500	-	0.12%	\$140.20
2014	16,715	1,953,396,661	2,616,500	-	0.13%	\$156.54
2013	16,715	2,021,691,120	2,880,000	-	0.14%	\$172.30
2012	16,715	1,965,021,932	4,292,893	-	0.22%	\$256.83

(1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2020.

(2) Capital leases were fully paid in FY 2012.

(3) Public Works Facility Bond paid in full by June 30, 2020

Table 11

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	I	Principal	 Interest	De	ebt Service	Go	otal General overnmental xpenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures (Percent)
2021	\$	442,000	\$ 300,990	\$	742,990 (1)	\$	28,294,054	2.63%
2020		599,000	317,402		916,402		31,938,343	2.87%
2019		587,500	332,368		919,868		30,702,375	3.00%
2018		529,500	452,948		982,448		27,542,825	3.57%
2017		298,000	61,898		359,898		25,687,768	1.40%
2016		1,836,431	65,994		1,902,425		27,604,842	6.89%
2015		273,000	111,948		384,948		25,961,175	1.48%
2014		263,500	110,029		373,529		24,422,392	1.53%
2013		1,412,893	121,537		1,534,430		22,702,316	6.76%
2012		1,901,052	242,355		2,143,407		20,869,505	10.27%

(1) City issued 2017 Series Bond including Transportation and Library Bonds Source: City's financial records.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt⁽²⁾ June 30, 2021

	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to this Governmental Unit	Share of Debt
Direct debt -			
City of Takoma Park	\$ 8,760,500	100%	\$ 8,760,500
Direct debt sub-total	8,760,500		8,760,500
Overlapping debt -			
Montgomery County	8,760,500	1% ⁽¹⁾	87,605
Maryland - National Capital Park and Planning Commission			
Montgomery County	63,837,170	1% ⁽¹⁾	638,372
Overlapping debt sub-total	72,597,670		725,977
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 81,358,170		\$ 9,486,477

(1) Rate of assessed value in the City to total assessed value in Montgomery County.

(2) The overlapping debt is not a debt of the City of Takoma Park, Maryland on either a direct or contingent basis, but represents the share of debt of overlapping governmental entities which the residents of the City of Takoma Park, Maryland are obligated to pay through direct tax levies of these governmental entities.

Source: Montgomery County Department of Finance.

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income ⁽²⁾ (thousands)	r Capita come ⁽²⁾	F	Labor ⁻ orce ⁽³⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁴⁾	Registered Pupils ⁽⁵⁾
Montgomery County:							
2021	17,629	\$ 95,200,000	\$ 89,029	\$	537,620	5.9	160,564
2020	16,715	101,300,000	94,591		561,120	5.5	164,245
2019	16,715	98,500,000	91,312		556,916	3.0	163,123
2018	16,715	90,840,000	85,948		562,343	3.4	161,936
2017	16,715	86,730,000	82,209		554,029	3.2	161,909
2016	16,715	82,490,000	78,553		549,900	3.4	156,447
2015	16,715	79,300,000	77,745		544,313	4.0	154,230
2014	16,715	75,940,000	74,597		540,128	4.4	151,289
2013	16,715	73,958,785	72,746		542,029	5.0	149,018
2012	16,715	73,467,234	73,140		540,444	5.2	146,497

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau. Includes annexed area.
- (2) Personal income, per capita income and registered pupils are not available for the City of Takoma Park, Maryland on a separate basis. The best available information is provided by the Finance Department of Montgomery County, Maryland and the Bureau of Economic Analysis - U.S. Department of Commerce ("BEA"). Estimates for 2012-2019 revised by BEA. Data for 2020-2021 are estimates derived by the Montgomery County Department of Finance.
- (3) Bureau of Labor Statistics ("BLS"), U.S. Department of Labor. Civilian labor force data includes all persons in the civilian noninstitutional population classified as either employed or unemployed and counted by place of residence and are revised by BLS for 2012-2020. Data for 2021 estimated by the Montgomery County Department of Finance based on the percent change from first half of CY2020 to the first half of CY2021.
- (4) The unemployment rates for 2012 through 2020 were revised by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor. Unemployment rate for 2021 estimated by the Montgomery County Department of Finance based on the estimate of the civilian labor force and the estimate of resident employment.
- (5) Montgomery County Executive's Recommended FY21 Operating Budget, Office of Management and Budget, Montgomery County. Since the school year begins in September, data is represented as enrollment as of September of the calendar year.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2021					Fis	cal Year 20)12
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
JBG Takoma Retail Center LLC	\$ 42,044,100	1	1.64%	Saul Subsidiary I LTD Partnership	\$ 24,502,567	1	1.25%
Saul Subsidiary I LTD Partnership	32,700,000	2	1.28%	Walgreen Company	20,178,666	2	1.03%
MHP Parkview Towers LLP(1)	23,410,494	3	0.91%	Tenancy 7333 New Hapshire Ave LLC	16,718,800	3	0.85%
Park Ritchie LLC	21,300,000	4	0.83%	7401 New Hampshire Avenue LLC	12,061,000	4	0.61%
Orlo Takoma LLC	17,000,000	5	0.66%	Park Ritchie Apartments	11,357,100	5	0.58%
Takoma Business Center LLC	14,762,200	6	0.58%	Takoma Park Land LLP	9,500,000	6	0.48%
Takoma Tower LP	13,909,500	7	0.54%	Takoma Business Center LLC	9,154,234	7	0.47%
PS Atlantic Coast 2021 B LLC	13,062,200	8	0.51%	Essex House	7,869,000	8	0.40%
Maple View Apartments LLC	10,122,500	9	0.40%	Hampshire Lodging Inc	7,186,100	9	0.37%
Franklin Associates	9,000,000	10	0.35%	Maple View Apartments LLC	 6,897,433	10	0.35%
Total	\$ 197,310,994		7.71%	Total	\$ 125,424,900		6.39%

Notes:

(1) MHP Parkview Towers LLP also operates under MHP Hillwood Manor LLC, MHP Edinburgh House LLP, MHP Flower-Maple LLC, MHP Maple Towers LLC, MHP Scattered Site Inc, & MHP TPP LLC.

Sources: Montgomery County & State of Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation

Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fi	scal Year 202	1	Fiscal Year 2012				
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Montgomery College	476	1	8.17%	709	2	12.00%		
Adventist Healthcare (TP Campus)	300	2	5.15%	-		-		
Montgomery County Public School	242	5	4.16%	214	3	3.62%		
Washington Adventist University (1)	231	3	3.97%	166	5	2.81%		
City of Takoma Park	190	4	3.26%	184	4	-		
Don Bosco Cristo Rey High School	55	6	0.94%	-		-		
Takoma Park / Silver Spring Co-Op	50	7	0.86%	-		-		
IHOP	39	8	0.67%	-		-		
Republic	15	9	0.26%	-		-		
Mid Atlantic Seafood	14	10	0.24%	-		-		
Adventist Healthcare, Inc. (Hospital)	-		-	1,600	1	27.07%		
Genesis HealthCare - Sligo Creek Center	-		-	120	6	2.03%		
FirstCare Nursing Services	-		-	60	7	1.02%		
Expo Emart LLC				30	10	0.51%		
Total	1,612		27.68%	3,083		49.06%		

(1) Formally Columbia Union College

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
FUNCTION										
General government	18.25	17.75	17.75	16.75	17.25	17.50	17.50	16.95	16.88	16.50
Public safety	67.67	67.45	66.95	65.85	65.64	62.47	62.47	61.83	61.35	59.87
Public works	37.25	37.25	37.25	37.25	37.00	37.00	36.00	34.00	34.00	33.00
Housing and community development	10.63	10.13	9.50	9.38	8.51	9.63	9.75	10.85	11.06	9.79
Recreation and culture	37.92	37.16	37.41	36.22	36.75	36.63	35.14	33.92	28.73	28.57
TOTAL	171.72	169.74	168.86	165.45	165.15	163.23	160.86	157.55	152.02	147.73

Source: City's Finance Department

Table 16

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Function										
Public Safety:										
Crimes reported	901	941	716	712	481	617	664	528	550	550
Dispatched Calls/Events Handled	11,331	10,822	12,618	15,735	20,000	22,323	21,041	19,762	19,382	20,000
Hours-foot/bike patrol	1,754	2,941	4,362	3,925	2,200	2,263	2,200	2,500	3,000	3,000
Physical arrests	112	204	177	351	366	491	399	400	425	450
Calls for service	6,763	9,661	9,408	12,368	12,000	13,737	14,921	14,921	14,012	15,000
Traffic stops	1,632	2,157	3,020	3,367	8,000	8,585	7,593	7,593	5,370	5,000
Parking tickets processed	3,293	3,345	2,962	4,493	4,567	3,550	3,495	3,495	2,939	3,500
Criminal investigations assigned	164	257	520	187	195	229	239	239	214	350
Criminal cases closed	175	65	207	123	103	90	100	100	107	150
Warrants received for service	77	162	309	311	298	473	403	403	236	450
NCIC Validations (Wanted Items/Persons)	535	644	711	903	906	1,015	1,043	1,043	748	1,150
Number of new nuisance complaints	393	613	810	373	346	183	209	210	245	300
Number of nuisance complaints closed	472	242	807	362	310	169	119	95	200	250
Courtesy Notices issued	625	338	723	373	62	1	280	266	140	210
Handbill and flyers removed	1,452	1,066	1,937	2,049	1,905	3,553	9,915	3,429	1,100	1,000
Public Works:										
Permits Processed	842	715	605	488	498	316	297	303	204	193
Vehicles maintained	84	84	89	89	83	82	81	83	80	70
Tons of leaves collected	1,000	1,100	1,500	1,800	1,800	1,750	1,800	1,900	1,900	1,900
Tons of refuse collected	3,477	3,230	3,017	3,237	3,193	3,124	2,990	3,082	3,162	3,284
Tons of recyclables collected	1,449	1,218	1,336	1,320	1,328	1,420	1,506	1,679	1,489	1,470
Tons of yard waste collected	402 305	434 278	329	246 302	168 212	241	216	491	340	998
Tons of food waste collected (Note 1)		278	249 0.92	302 1.10	212	178	183	150	N/A	N/A
Streets resurfacing (miles)	0.93	7.464	0.92 8,737	2.828	5.914	1.81 4.877	1.70	1.76 7.207	2.00	1.00 1.029
Storm drains inspected (linear feet) New storm drain pipes (linear feet)	10,582 4	977	1,641	2,828	5,914	4,877	10,918 272	439	23,854 450	1,029
	4 260	977	1,041	50	596	260	150	439 50	450 88	73
Replaced storm drain pipes (linear feet)	260	0	7	50	0	260	150	50	88	73
Recreation and culture:										
Library materials circulated	30,101	86,628	115,291	108,900	94,425	96,695	113,074	116,288	114,070	115,973
Library program attendance	5,832	10,192	17,151	18,628	16,798	17,731	16,648	14,612	15,130	14,365
Housing and Community Development:										
Rental housing inspections (Note 2)	109	10,226	13,626	15,440	2,850	1,824	3,100	3,164	3,050	3,000
Number of rental licenses issued	312	328	385	386	500	402	402	436	420	420
Landlord certifications issued	188	160	197	241	225	124	234	148	195	215
Landlord and tenant contacts	1,600	745	540	420	N/A	2,550	2,524	2,605	2,600	2,600
Rent stabilization reports monitored	272	289	321	313	330	329	295	283	260	280
Permit letters issued	375	209	267	291	283	279	268	207	200	234
Rent increase petitions processed	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	1	4
General Government:	004 -	007 5	00.1	000	045	005	007	044	055	000
Original City TV program hours	294.5	267.5	264	296	215	225	287	311	255	268

Source: Various government departments Notes: 1 - Data was not routinely collected prior to 2007. Data that is unavailable is labeled as N/A. 2 - Data was provided by Montgomery County based on a tally of the number of units inspected vs number of buildings inspected.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

Function	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Public Safety:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Cars	54	56	56	45	45	45	41	46	45	45
Public Works:										
Sanitation collection trucks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Leaf vacuums	10	9	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Stormwater drains (miles)	17.01	17.01	17.01	17.01	17.01	17.01	17.01	17.01	17.01	17.01
Streets (miles)	34.60	34.60	34.60	34.60	34.60	34.60	34.60	34.60	34.60	34.60
Streetlights	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
Recreation and Culture:										
Parks acreage	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Sources: Various City departments.

Notes: No capital asset indicators are available for the General Government and Housing and Community Development Functions.

Miscellaneous Statistical Data June 30, 2021

Date of incorporation	1890
Date of adoption of City Charter	1890
Revision of City Charter	2013
Form of government	Council - Manager
Area - square miles	2.4
Miles of streets and sidewalks: Streets Sidewalks Housing: Number of housing units Number of owner-occupied housing units	34.60 33.45 7,161 6,878
Fire and rescue services	Montgomery County Fire Department
Police protection: Number of stations Number of authorized police (sworn officers)	1 43
Municipal water plant (Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission)	None

Telephone, natural gas and electricity services are furnished by private corporations

Recreation and parks - number of acres

			Park and Planning		
	City	School	Commission	Total	
Playgrounds	7	2	5	14	
Baseball diamonds	1	2	1	4	
Football fields	-	1	1	2	
Swimming pools	-	1	-	1	
Tennis courts	-	4	4	8	

Number of schools:

Elementary (public) Intermediate (public)

Private Colleges

Election:

Registered voters - November 2017 Number of votes cast - November 2017 Percentage voting 8.98

Miscellaneous Statistical Data June 30, 2021 (continued)

Population by age group (Source: U.S. Census Bureau)

Age	2020	2010	2000	1990	1980
Under 5	2,561	1,549	1,237	1,320	955
5 – 17	2,213	2,495	2,261	2,201	2,463
18 – 24	1,843	1,561	2,094	1,567	2,447
25 – 44	5,500	5,350	6,206	7,288	5,842
45 – 64	4,313	4,787	3,972	2,551	2,616
65 – 74	826	973	787	928	1,071
75 and over	373	695	742	845	837
Total	17,629	16,715	16,557	15,855	15,394

Schedule of Insurance in Force June 30, 2021

Type of Coverage/Company Name	Policy Number	From	То	Limits of Coverage	Pr	emiums
Commercial General Liability - Local Government Insurance Trust	PLP 542500	07/01/20	⁽¹⁾ 7/01/21	\$3,000,000 aggregate - \$1,000,000/occurrence	\$	20,915
Legal Liability - Local Government Insurance Trust	PLP 542500	07/01/20	⁽¹⁾ 7/01/21	\$3,000,000 aggregate - \$2,500 deductible	\$	22,017
Comprehensive Auto Liability - Local Government Insurance Trust	PLP 542500	07/01/20	⁽¹⁾ 7/01/21	Physical damage: Comprehensive - \$1,000,000/occurrence, \$500 deductible Collision - \$1,000,000/occurrence, \$500 deductible Bodily Injury and Property Damage - no deductible \$1,000,000/occurrence, \$3,000,000 aggregate	\$	73,853
Excess Liability - Local Government Insurance Trust	PLP 542500	07/01/20	⁽¹⁾ 7/01/21	Insurance for the City against losses in excess of \$1,000,000 up to an additional \$5,000,000 for automobile liability, commercial general liability, public officials, and police/personal injury liability.	\$	5,197
Building and Contents (includes boiler and machinery) Local Government Insurance Trust	PLP 542500	07/01/20	⁽¹⁾ 7/01/21	Insured to \$14,454,725, \$1,000 deductible.	\$	11,673
Chesapeake Employers' Insurance Company - Workers' Compensation	-	07/01/20	⁽¹⁾ 7/01/21	Statutory limit	\$	407,884
Fidelity Bond - United States Insurance Services	Various	Various	⁽¹⁾ Various	\$15,000 to \$100,000 limits	\$	12,290

⁽¹⁾ Insurance policy was renewed with the carrier for an additional one-year period.